Acid, Resorcinol, Tanic Acid, Salicytic Acid, Glycerin"; (Certificate wrapped around Radium Vitalizer Generator) "The amount of Radon delivered from this Generator has been calculated by radioscopic and electroscopic tests. The equilibrium gas accumulation is estimated on an average gallon basis and approximates 5.7x10-5 MC Cu. Ra. per liter, after 24 hours"; and "Narada Ointment.* * * Menthol-Camphor-Eucalyptol-Radium Chloride."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the accompanying booklets and leaflets, relating to the articles were false and misleading since the articles would not be effective for the purposes claimed. The false and misleading statements regarding the products were to the following effect:

That the *Radium-Active Emanation Bath* would be effective in the treatment of arthritis, rheumatism, lumbago, neuritis, gout, nervous troubles, noninfectious skin diseases, high blood pressure, kidney, liver, and bladder complications, neurasthenia, insomnia, and eczema.

That the *Chloradium Ophthalmic Solution* would be effective in the treatment of eye irritations, granulated lids, eyes subject to unusual strain, cataract and other eye affections where vision is not involved, bronchial asthma, and hay fever and similar maladies.

That the Radium Appliance would be effective in the treatment of dysmenorrhea, pain incident to menstrual periods, neuritis, lumbago, neuralgia, headache, climacteric complaints, pain due to inflammation, burns and wounds, insomnia, neuritic pains, and pains due to congestion.

That the *Internal Chloradium Solution* would be effective in the treatment of rheumatism, neuritis, cystitis, sciatica, insomnia, high blood pressure, vaginitis, cervicitis, chronic hypertrophic endometritis, metritis and pelvic congestions, arthritis, anemia, and neurasthenia and nervous disorders.

That the Chloradium Vaginal Jelly would be effective in the treatment of

the female organs.

That the *Chloradium Suppositories* would be effective in the treatment of vaginal, cervical, and rectal disorders, inflammations, ulcerations, exudations and infections of the vaginal tract, metrorrhagia, leucorrhea, vaginitis, cervicitis, disease of the vaginal tract, ovarian and uterian derangement, uterine fibroids, amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, vaginal irritations and discharge, and menopause.

That the Radium Vitalizer Generator would be effective in the treatment of rheumatism, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, arteriosclerosis, nephritis, diabetes, constipation, locomotor ataxia, anemia, arthritis deformans, diseases of the heart, arteries, and kidneys, neuralgia, Bright's disease, chlorosis, and interstitial nephritis.

That the Narada Ointment would be effective in the treatment of burns, open sores, wounds, inflamed surfaces, rheumatic pains, lumbago, neuralgic pains, noninfectious skin diseases, throat and bronchial affections, chronic or acute inflammations, catarrh, hemorrhoids, eczema, oak and ivy poisoning, boils, skin eruptions, and chest affections.

Disposition: April 9, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products and printed matter were ordered destroyed.

2037. Misbranding of McCall's Desert-Air Lamps. U. S. v. 86 McCall's Desert-Air Lamps, together with quantities of printed matter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 20708. Sample No. 59456-H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 16, 1946, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: By McCall's Desert-Air Lamp, from Los Angeles, Calif. The devices were shipped on various dates during January and February 1946, and a number of booklets and cards were shipped on or about November 1945, and May 1946.

Product: 86 McCall's Desert-Air Lamps at Seattle, Wash., together with attached tags entitled "McCall's Desert Air Lamp Does These Things to Help Your Baby," and a number of booklets and cards entitled "McCall's Desert-Air Lamps." Examination of the device showed that it consisted of a stand holding a parabolic reflector with a central core electric heating unit mounted at the center of the reflector.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the tags affixed to the device and in the accompanying booklets and cards were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the device would be effective to loosen and stop baby's cough and make him sleep better and sleep all night; that it would aid in drying of sinus drippings which cause coughing, periodic spells of nausea, and the throwing up of mucus; that it would be effective in the treatment of colds, cough, bronchitis, asthma, laryngitis, chronic conditions of head, throat and chest, other respiratory ailments, whooping cough, croup, and coughing after measles; that it would be effective to restore mouth breathers to nose breathers, thereby stopping snoring, wheezing, and rattling; that it would overcome anoxia and anoxemia; that it would clear the breathing passages of sticky mucus, phlegm, and cellular matter; that it would dry up the mucus membranes of the head, throat, and chest, and promote easier breathing and sounder sleep; that it would be of value in tuberculosis to minimize coughing; that it would make the raising of phlegm easy and lessen the likelihood of hemorrhage; that it would prevent intestinal cholic in tuberculosis of the intestines; and that it would relieve body aches and pains, neuritis, neuralgia, arthritis, bursitis, sacro-iliac pain, and muscle spasm. The device would not be effective for such purposes.

Disposition: October 30, 1946. Charles L. Doheney and James K. Heffernan, doing business as the Charles Doheney Co., having appeared as claimants and consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

2038. Misbranding of Sun-Kraft Health Lamps. U. S. v. 941 Sun-Kraft Health Lamps, and a quantity of printed matter. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 18705. Sample No. 4387-H.)

LIBEL FILED: December 28, 1945, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 28 and October 23, 1945, by Sun Kraft, Inc., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 941 Sun-Kraft Health Lamps at Philadelphia, Pa.; also a number of leaflets entitled "Sun-Kraft Cold Quartz Ultraviolet Ray Therapy Lamp," a number of sales manuals entitled "Sun-Kraft Ultra Violet Generator," and a number of display cards entitled "Sun-Kraft Quartz Ultraviolet Ray Therapy Lamps." Attached to each lamp was an envelope containing an additional copy of the leaflet and a booklet entitled "How to Use Your Sun-Kraft."

Examination showed that the device consisted of a cold quartz type lamp mounted on a metal base which would emit ultraviolet radiations of a com-

paratively low intensity.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sun-Kraft Mercury Quartz Ultra Violet Health Lamp." NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements and designs appearing in the labeling were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the device would be efficacious in the treatment of acne vulgaris, alopecia areata, anemia, angina pectoris, arithritis, asthma, birth marks (port wine), bronchial asthma, burns (X-ray), chilblains, cuts, eczema (dry or weeping), ecthyma, erysipelas, fractures, frost bite, high blood pressure, impetigo, loss of hair (following severe infections), lupus vulgaris, low metabolism, pityriasis rosea, polyarthritis, pruritus, psoriasis, pyodermia, rickets, sinus, tuberculosis of the skin, ulcers, varicose ulcer, "vascykar" nevi, whooping cough, wounds (gun shot), sinus pains, rheumatism, lumbago, arthritis, neuritis, athlete's foot, ringworm, dandruff, lacerations, contusions and strains, hay fever, and catarrh and colds; that the article would kill bacteria, strengthen bones and teeth, stimulate circulation, relieve pains caused by respiratory ailments, prevent infections and contagious diseases, help the healing of stubborn wounds, clear up blemishes and pimples, induce quick healing and promote positive antiseptic action in treating cuts, wounds, and bruises, maintain a healthy complexion, prevent loss of hair and promote its growth, promote and preserve radiant health, build up resistance to disease, insure sturdy growth and sound development of babies and children, and sterilize rooms. The device was not capable of producing the benefits and results stated and implied.

Disposition: January 18, 1946. W. A. Leiser and Co., Philadelphia, Pa., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the