

sure on the neck of the bladder, cystitis, urethritis, calculus, and cloudy urine containing particles of shreds and mucus; that the device would enable one to enjoy a fuller, richer, and better physical existence, to become a more powerful and better man, and to sleep through the night without having to get out of bed; that it would quicken the mental powers, improve the memory, relieve depressing pressure on the nerves, and render the prostate gland and sexual tissues full of action and new life; that it would restore lost vigor and vitality and increase the vitality of men 70 and 80 to that of men 45 or 50; that it would have an energizing effect on the cells of the brain; that it would strengthen and revitalize worn-out bodies and prevent brain fog and nervous breakdown; that it would enable users to feel like "new men"; that it would keep old age away; and that it would build up the prostate gland and sexual tissues. The device would not fulfill the promises of benefit stated and implied.

DISPOSITION: October 17, 1950. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$30.

**3238. Misbranding of Multiple Pin-Hole spectacles. U. S. v. 340 Devices, etc.**  
(F. D. C. No. 29394. Sample Nos. 71508-K, 71550-K.)

**LABEL FILED:** July 17, 1950, Southern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** A number of the articles were shipped from New York, N. Y., between the approximate dates of June 5 and 29, 1950, and the remainder were shipped from New York, N. Y., at various times in 1948 and 1949.

**PRODUCT:** 586 *Multiple Pin-Hole spectacles* at Glendale, Calif., together with accompanying printed matter consisting of circulars entitled "Price \$18.50 Multiple Pin-Hole Spectacles," copies of a reprint from the Glendale News Press, copies of 2 testimonial letters dated July 29, 1948, and January 20, 1950, and folders entitled "The Greeks Had a Word for It."

The devices consisted of plastic spectacles, with rows of small holes through the lenses.

**RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:** The accompanying printed matter was printed locally for the consignee and was sent through the mails to persons requesting information about the device.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Visual Aid."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the accompanying labeling which represented and suggested that the device was adequate and effective in the cure and elimination of the causes of defective vision were false and misleading since the device was not adequate and effective in the cure and elimination of the causes of defective vision. The device was misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** September 21, 1950. Sunset Laboratories, Inc., Glendale, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the article be released under bond for relabeling, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**DRUGS FOR VETERINARY USE**

**3239. Misbranding of Blake's Mineral Compound. U. S. v. 27 Packages,**  
(F. D. C. No. 29321. Sample No. 78621-K.)

**LABEL FILED:** May 19, 1950, District of Montana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 22 and August 20, 1948, by the Hy-Life Mineral Co., from Denver, Colo.

**PRODUCT:** 27 packages, each containing 3½ pounds, of *Blake's Mineral Compound* at Belgrade, Mont., together with an accompanying pamphlet entitled "Feed Blake's Mineral Compound."

