

strength and vigor of males, whereas the article was not effective for such purposes; Section 502 (e) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each active ingredient, including the name, and quantity or proportion of strychnine contained therein; and, Section 502 (f) (2), the labeling of the article failed to bear such adequate warnings against unsafe dosage in such manner and form as are necessary for the protection of users since the article contained strychnine, and its label failed to warn that more than the recommended dosage should not be taken and that its use by elderly persons may be dangerous.

The articles were misbranded in the above respects while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 9, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**3270. Misbranding of Citru-Mix. U. S. v. 152 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28320. Sample No. 52932-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 2, 1949, Western District of Kentucky; amended libel filed April 25, 1950.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 18, 1949, by the Nu-Way Corp., from Grand Rapids, Mich.

**PRODUCT:** 152 bottles, each containing 80 tablets, of *Citru-Mix*, and 30 4-ounce bottles and 32 2-ounce bottles of a powder of *Citru-Mix* at Bowling Green, Ky., together with a number of display cards entitled "*Citru-Mix*."

Examination showed that the tablets consisted essentially of sodium salicylate, aspirin, calcium succinate, citric acid, sodium citrate, and vitamin B<sub>1</sub>; and that the powder consisted essentially of sodium salicylate, citric acid, sodium citrate, vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, and sugar.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the labeling of the articles represented and suggested that the articles were effective in the treatment and cure of rheumatism, arthritis, and neuritis, which was false and misleading since the articles were not effective in the treatment and cure of such conditions; and the statements on the bottle labels of the powder and tablets "active ingredients \* \* \* citric acid, sodium citrate, dextrose" and (tablets only) "calcium succinate" were false and misleading since the ingredients of the articles, citric acid, sodium citrate, and dextrose, and (tablets only) calcium succinate, were not active in the treatment of the conditions for which the articles were intended.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the articles failed to bear adequate directions for use since the labeling failed to bear adequate directions for use in the treatment and cure of rheumatism, arthritis, neuritis, lumbago, sciatica, gout, and the other conditions for which the articles were intended.

**DISPOSITION:** November 13, 1950. The Nu-Way Corp., claimant, having filed an answer but having failed to appear at the time the case was called for hearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the products be destroyed.

**3271. Misbranding of Missouri Brand Iron Quota tablets, Missouri Brand Golden Seal Plus Fennel tablets, and Missouri Brand Live Spot vitamin E capsules. U. S. v. 794 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28248. Sample Nos. 27509-K, 27510-K, 27520-K, 61595-K to 61597-K, incl.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 31, 1949, Eastern District of Missouri.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** During the year 1946, from Chicago, Ill., and on or about March 25, 1948, from Detroit, Mich.

**PRODUCT:** 794 35-tablet bottles of *Missouri Brand Iron Quota tablets*, 372 65-tablet bottles of *Missouri Brand Golden Seal Plus Fennel tablets*, and 194 100-capsule bottles of *Missouri Brand Live Spot vitamin E capsules* at St. Louis, Mo.

**RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:** The products were offered by Lelord Kordel at a series of lectures given by him at St. Louis, Mo., between September 26 and October 5, 1949, and by leaflets distributed at the same time and place, for the following purposes:

*Missouri Brand Iron Quota tablets.* To keep blood in a normal condition, vital and alive; to help build up the red coloring matter of blood; to enable the blood to extract the full amount of iron from one's food; to effect an amazing change in the consumer within three months' time by helping to build up the iron substance in his blood, enabling him to draw a lot more iron from his food, and building his blood to such a condition that on a right diet, it will take care of itself; to make the blood rich and strong; to remedy blood-iron deficiency; to recharge, rebuild, and revitalize the blood in 90 days; to be of value to exhausted glands; and to correct conditions resulting from bad nutrition, poor quality of blood, and insufficient minerals;

*Missouri Brand Golden Seal Plus Fennel tablets.* To keep the body clean of mucus; to soothe; to help keep the cells of the body clean; to remedy digestive disorders and debilitated conditions of the mucous membrane; to treat various gastric complaints; to be of advantage to most dyspeptics; to treat catarrhal, a condition, which is stagnant mucus that wants to force its way out; to be of value in a catarrhal condition of the urinary tract; to act as a powerful cleanser of stale, thick mucous deposits in the body; to help the functioning of liver and kidneys; to be of use to people troubled with getting up nights and whose passage of urine is very scanty; to relieve congestion; to influence the contamination of the impurities of the body that clog it; to accomplish almost wonders in that respect within two months; to be of great value to women undergoing the change of life; to help increase the tone of the uterus, which is important during the menopause; to curb indigestion of dyspeptics; to cleanse the body of impurities; to get the digestive machinery going; to effect a detectable change within two weeks; to effect the passing out of mucus through the nose, the coughing up of old, stale mucus, and its elimination through the urine and the bowels; to cause one to feel much better and to obtain more energy and nourishment from food by absorbing more out of it; to eliminate gas and to get all of the mucus out of the body; to keep the digestive machinery always in perfect functioning order and to bestow wonderful benefits as far as the entire digestive machine is concerned; to get rid of all that thick, stagnant mucus that may have accumulated; to stop snoring; to work as a cleanser of putrefactive materials; to tone up the glands of the body; to keep the lymph system in good condition, so that the lymph will filter and hold invading organisms until they can be destroyed by the leucocytes; to stimulate the liver and pancreas; to keep the pores clean and free of foreign deposits, such as slime and mucus; to give the glands the benefit of the radioactive substances which are in the goldenseal herb; to have a beneficial effect on all of the glands of the body; and to furnish the glands with vital elements, which the goldenseal herb contains, and which we call radioactive elements, that help to stimulate

the glands of the body to a more normal activity, and to be of important value in catarrhal conditions, particularly of the genito-urinary tract;

*Missouri Brand Live Spot vitamin E capsules.* To help prevent miscarriage; to correct a very rapid and fluttering heart; to stop cramps in the legs; to prevent muscles drying up; to help correct loss of elasticity of the muscles; and to cure stiffness of the arm; for heart disease and for helping the heart; to exert an extremely important effect on the entire reproductive system of the human; to prevent male sterility; to prevent and correct female sterility; for women going through the menopause; to exert on the glandular system of the body; to act as a substitute for digitalis; to supply a need of the body, heart, brain, reproductive organs, and personality glands; and for low blood pressure.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Missouri Brand Iron Quota \* \* \* Contains Ferric Citrate as a source of iron," "Missouri Brand Golden Seal Plus Fennel Tablets," and "Missouri Brand Live Spot Vitamin E."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the articles failed to bear adequate directions for use for the purposes for which they were intended. The articles were misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 23, 1950. Joseph Stoller, St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the products be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. Repacking and relabeling operations were completed on or about June 15, 1950.

#### DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF CONTAMINATION WITH FILTH

3272. Adulteration of *cocillana bark*. U. S. v. 172 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29098. Sample No. 73014-K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 5, 1950, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 15, 1947, from Guapi, Colombia.

PRODUCT: 172 100-pound bags of *cocillana bark* at Staten Island, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (a) (1), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 24, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3273. Adulteration of *orrisroot*, *juniper berries*, and *yellow dock root*. U. S. v. 133 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29060. Sample Nos. 73008-K, 73010-K, 73011-K.)

LIBEL FILED: April 13, 1950, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 1, 1946, and during February 1948, from Livorno, Italy; and on a date unknown, from Boone, N. C.

PRODUCT: 133 154-pound bags of *orrisroot*, 61 120-pound bags of *juniper berries*, and 1 300-pound bale of *yellow dock root* at Hoboken, N. J.