

other articles were reconditioned, with the result that 99 pounds of the *hel-lebore root*, 586 pounds of the *lobelia leaves*, and 283 pounds of the *lobelia herb* were found unfit and were destroyed.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF DEVIATION FROM OFFICIAL OR OWN STANDARDS*

3872. Adulteration and misbranding of estrone. U. S. v. 180 Vials * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33631. Sample No. 56320-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 5, 1952, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 3, 1952, by the Addison Laboratories, from Philadelphia, Pa.

PRODUCT: 180 vials of *estrone* at Mansfield, Ohio. Examination showed that the amount of *estrone* per cubic centimeter for each of the 5 vials tested was as follows: 1.30 mg., 3.50 mg., 4.48 mg., 1.50 mg., and 0.74 mg.

LABEL, IN PART: "10 CC. \ Multiple-Dose Vial * * * Estrone U. S. P. (2.0 Mg. Per CC.)."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, 2.0 milligrams of estrone per cubic centimeter.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Estrone U. S. P. (2.0 Mg. Per CC.)" was false and misleading as applied to the article since the amount of estrone per cubic centimeter differed from vial to vial and varied widely above and below the declared amount.

DISPOSITION: September 8, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3873. Adulteration and misbranding of isopropyl alcohol rubbing compound. U. S. v. 125 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33353. Sample No. 44314-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about July 22, 1952, District of Rhode Island.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 13, 1952, by the Philadelphia Magnesia Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.

PRODUCT: 125 cases, each containing 12 1-pint bottles, of *isopropyl alcohol rubbing compound* at Providence, R. I. Examination showed that the product contained 63 percent isopropyl alcohol.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Lee's * * * Isopropyl Alcohol Rubbing Compound 70% Isopropyl Alcohol."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Isopropyl Alcohol Rubbing Compound," a drug the name of which is recognized in the National Formulary, an official compendium, and its strength differed from the official standard since the article contained less than 68 percent isopropyl alcohol, the minimum permitted by the standard.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "70% Isopropyl Alcohol" was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: September 26, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to the Social Welfare Department of the State of Rhode Island.

*See also Nos. 3861 (veterinary preparation), 3867, 3868, 3878 (veterinary preparation).