

Issued February 24, 1912.

United States Department of Agriculture,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

NOTICE OF JUDGMENT NO. 1254.

(Given pursuant to section 4 of the Food and Drugs Act.)

MISBRANDING OF CRACKED CORN.

On March 11, 1911, the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, acting upon the report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed information in the District Court of the United States for said district against S. D. Scott & Co. (Inc.), alleging shipment by it, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about February 8, 1909, from the State of Virginia into the State of North Carolina of a quantity of cracked corn which was misbranded. The product was labeled: "Cracked Corn. 80 lbs. Guaranteed Analysis 10% Protein, 4% Fat, 4% Fiber. Mfg. by S. D. Scott & Co., Norfolk, Va."

Analysis of a sample of said product, made by the Bureau of Chemistry of the United States Department of Agriculture, showed the following results: Moisture, 12.14 per cent; ether extract, 3.10 per cent; protein, 8.25 per cent; crude fiber, 1.93 per cent. Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the product was labeled so as to deceive and mislead the purchaser in that the label bore statements that were false and misleading, to wit, that the product contained 10 per cent protein and 4 per cent fat; when, in fact, it contained less protein and fat than that stated on the label.

On June 8, 1911, the defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$25 and costs.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *December 16, 1911.*



Issued February 24, 1912.

United States Department of Agriculture,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

NOTICE OF JUDGMENT NO. 1255.

(Given pursuant to section 4 of the Food and Drugs Act.)

MISBRANDING OF GIN.

On March 28, 1911, the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed information in the District Court of the United States for said district against Straus, Gunst & Co., alleging shipment by them, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about April 17, 1909, from the State of Virginia into the District of Columbia of a quantity of gin which was misbranded. The product was labeled: "Turkey Gin. Triple Flavor Holland Style. Highly recommended for kidneys and bladder. Blend. Guaranteed under National Pure Food Law. Straus, Gunst & Co., Richmond, Va." (Blown in bottle) "Turkey Gin. For medicinal use. Straus, Gunst & Co., Richmond, Va."

Analysis of a sample of said product, made by the Bureau of Chemistry of the United States Department of Agriculture, showed the following results: Per cent by weight: Alcohol, 38.78 (by volume, 46.50); sucrose, 2.90; invert sugar, 0.05; non-volatile matter at 100° C. other than sugar, 0.13; water and other volatile constituents, 58.14. Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement on the label "Highly recommended for kidneys and bladder" was false and misleading, in that it tended to produce in the mind of the purchaser or user the belief that the article would have a beneficial action on the organs named when, in fact, its use is detrimental to those organs.

On April 15, 1911, the defendants pleaded guilty and were fined \$25 and costs.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *December 16, 1911.*