

**4132. Adulteration and misbranding of vinegar. U. S. v. 35 Barrels of Vinegar. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product ordered released on bond. (F. & D. No. 6112. I. S. No. 3334-k. S. No. E-275.)**

On May 26, 1915, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Georgia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 35 barrels of vinegar, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Savannah, Ga., alleging that the product had been shipped, on or about April 10, 1915, by the Wallace Vinegar Co., Paducah, Ky., through a firm at Brockton, N. Y., from the State of New York into the State of Georgia, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The product was labeled: "Pure Apple Cider Vinegar."

Adulteration of the product was alleged in the libel for the reason that dilute acetic acid or distilled vinegar had been substituted in part for apple cider vinegar in each of the barrels.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that said product, containing in part dilute acetic acid or distilled vinegar, was not "pure apple cider vinegar," as branded.

On July 19, 1915, the said Wallace Vinegar Co., claimant, having consented to a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be delivered to said claimant, upon payment of the costs of the proceedings, and the execution of bond in the sum of \$100, in conformity with section 10 of the act, one of the conditions of said bond being that the vinegar should not be sold or disposed of before the same was properly relabeled.

CARL VROOMAN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*