violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on August 4, 1919, at the District aforesaid, a quantity of corned beef which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in whole and in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal and vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1919, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

7615. Adulteration of milk. U. S. * * * v. Roberta L. Lynn. Collateral of \$5 forfeited. (F. & D. No. 505-c.)

On August 19, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the Health Officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against Roberta L. Lynn, Bristow, Va., alleging the shipment by said defendant, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on July 19, 1919, from the State of Virginia into the District of Columbia, of a quantity of milk which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it had been mixed with and contained a substance, to wit, water, which reduced and lowered its quality and strength.

On August 19, 1919, the defendant having failed to appear, the \$5 collateral that had theretofore been deposited by her to insure her appearance was ordered forfeited by the court.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

761C. Adulteration of milk. U. S. * * * v. George C. Thomas. Collateral of \$25 forfeited. (F. & D. No. 506-c.)

On August 19, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the Health Officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against George C. Thomas, Adamstown, Md., alleging the shipment by said defendant, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on July 9, 1919, from the State of Maryland into the District of Columbia, of a quantity of milk which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it had been mixed with and contained a substance, to wit, water, which reduced and lowered its quality and strength.

On August 19, 1919, the defendant having failed to appear, the \$25 collateral that had theretofore been deposited by him to insure his appearance was ordered forfeited by the court.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

7617. Adulteration of milk. U. S, * * * v. Ralph G. Thomas. Collateral of \$25 forfeited. (F. & D. No. 507-c.)

On August 19, 1919, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the Health Officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against Ralph G. Thomas, Tuscarora, Md., alleging the shipment by said defendant, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on July 24, 1919, from the State of Maryland into the District of Columbia, of a quantity of milk which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it had been mixed with and contained a substance, to wit, water, which reduced and lowered its quality and strength.