

of particular value in the treatment of menstrual irregularities \* \* \* which fail to respond to other and ordinary medical remedies \* \* \* in some instances the pills are more effective if taken about the regular time for the menstrual flow \* \* \* more satisfactory results are secured, as a rule, by beginning treatment at once, and continuing it until the pills give relief \* \* \* to re-establish the menstrual flow at the regular period \* \* \* For Amenorrhoea. (Suppression of the Menses) \* \* \* For Dysmenorrhoea (Painful or Scanty Menstruation) \* \* \* pain \* \* \* may be \* \* \* agonizing \* \* \* In such cases Prince's Pills are recommended \* \* \* Begin \* \* \* before the expected re-appearance of the menstrual flow \* \* \* To keep this important function normal, and to prevent difficult, painful and other morbid menstrual conditions, take \* \* \* a few days before the expected re-appearance of the menstrual flow."

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the contents of the pills consisted essentially of aloes, ferrous sulphate, and ginger.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded for the reason that the above-quoted statements, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects thereof, were false and fraudulent as the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On September 20, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**8946. Misbranding of Pierce's Empress Brand Tansy, Cotton Root, Pennyroyal and Apioi Tablets. U. S. \* \* \* v. 293 Boxes of Pierce's Empress Brand Tansy, Cotton Root, Pennyroyal and Apioi Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 13598, 13599, 13600, 13601. I. S. Nos. 5341-t, 5343-t, 5140-t, 5351-t. S. Nos. E-2685, E-2687, E-2688, E-2689.)**

On September 2, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel of information praying the seizure and condemnation of 293 boxes of an article, labeled in part "Pierce's Empress Brand Tansy, Cotton Root, Pennyroyal and Apioi Tablets," consigned by Robert J. Pierce, New York, N. Y., between February 17, 1920, and July 20, 1920, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Boston and Worcester, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped and transported from the State of New York into the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the tablets consisted essentially of aloes, ferrous sulphate, oil of pennyroyal, and unidentified plant extractives.

It was alleged in substance in the libel of information that the article was misbranded for the reason that the following statements, regarding the curative and therapeutic effect thereof, (box) "Tansy, Cotton Root, Pennyroyal and Apioi Tablets. A safe emmenagogue. Always reliable and effective. The best known remedy for the suppression of the menstrual function," (circular) "Tansy, Cotton Root, Pennyroyal and Apioi Tablets \* \* \* The Celebrated Female Regulator \* \* \* Delayed Menstruations When the suppression is of long standing \* \* \* take one \* \* \* until four days before the time when the menses should appear \* \* \* immediately preceding the expected appearance of the menstrual flow, active treatment should begin. Take one 3 times daily \* \* \* follow instructions until the desired result is obtained

\* \* \* Irregularities Where the menses are not regular \* \* \* are invaluable. Take \* \* \* before the expected appearance of the menstrual flow," were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On November 24, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**S917. Misbranding of Robert J. Pierce's Pennyroyal Tablets. U. S. \* \* \* v. 133 Boxes of Robert J. Pierce's Pennyroyal Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. Nos. 13602, 13603, 13604, 13605 I. S. Nos. 5342-t, 5340-t, 5141-t, 5354-t. S. Nos. E-2690, E-2691, E-2692, E-2693.)

On September 2, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel of information praying the seizure and condemnation of 133 boxes of Robert J. Pierce's Pennyroyal Tablets, consigned by Robert J. Pierce, Inc., New York, N. Y., between September 10, 1919, and June 10, 1920, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Boston and Worcester, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped and transported from the State of New York into the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended. The article was labeled in part, "Robert J. Pierce's Pennyroyal Tablets."

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the pills consisted essentially of plant extractives including tansy, ferrous sulphate, and aloes.

It was alleged in substance in the libel of information that the article was misbranded for the reason that the following statements, regarding the curative and therapeutic effect thereof, (box) "The most powerful and reliable emmenagogue known. The only safe, sure and always effectual remedy in suppression (stoppage) of the menstrual function." (circular) "The Celebrated Female Regulator \* \* \* active treatment should begin four or five days before the expected reappearance of the menstrual flow. Take one three times daily \* \* \* follow instructions until the desired result is obtained \* \* \* Emmenagogue medicine They have invariably proved successful as a preventive of irregularities. Take one three times daily. They can always be depended upon as a monthly regulator," were false and fraudulent in that said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On November 12, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**S948. Adulteration and misbranding of horseradish style prepared mustard. U. S. \* \* \* v. 5 Barrels \* \* \* of Horseradish Style Prepared Mustard. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 13606. I. S. No. 9719-r. S. No. C-2401.)

On September 10, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 5 barrels of horseradish style prepared mustard, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had