Harmful Results," (circular or booklet) "B-I-F Capsules A Safe and Speedy Remedy for the Relief of Clap, Gonorrhea, Gleet or any discharges from the urinary organs * * *," which said statements were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no substances and no ingredients and no combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On October 1, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, an order was entered by the court finding the product misbranded and directing that the same be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

8997. Misbranding of Tratamiento Zendejas. U. S. * * * v. 420 Bottles, 7 Bottles, and 286 Bottles of Tratamiento Zendejas. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 12420, 12421, 12422. I. S. Nos. 9690-r, 9691-r, 9692-r, 9693-r, 9694-r. S. Nos. C-1901, C-1902, C-1903.)

On April 30, 1920, the United States attorney for the Western District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 420 bottles, 7 bottles, and 286 bottles of an article, labeled in part "Tratamiento Zendejas," at San Antonio, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about February 6, 1920, March 6, 1920, March 9, 1920, October 11, 1919, March 5, 1920, and March 25, 1920, by Panfilo Zendejas, Los Angeles, Calif., and transported from the State of California into the State of Texas, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of a solution of potassium iodid, unidentified plant extractives, and sugar.

It was alleged in substance in the libel that the article was misbranded for the reason that the labeling of the article contained the following statements and claims. "Zendejas Treatment A Strong Purifier of the Blood A Blood Depurator for rheumatism, constipation, kidney trouble, eczema," (wrapper) "Zendejas Treatment, a strong purifier of the blood A Blood Depurator," (folder, light gray, Spanish) "Zendejas Treatment for Men, Women and Children, Strong purifier of the blood ** * * Patients suffering from tumors, ulcers, eruptions and all kinds of suppurated manifestations * * * those who suffer from suppurations whether tumors, scrofulas, wounds, fistulas * * * the Zendejas Treatment removes all these impurities from the blood * * * During the treatment with Zendejas Treatment no other medicine should be taken * * * To those suffering from rheumatism pains will disappear in the first days not to appear again * * * If the teeth have become loose on account of mercury taken by the patient * * * As the treatment works with such rapidity that their pains disappear * * * they should not believe * * * they are already safe but should continue the treatment until a cure is obtained. The treatment to be complete should be * * * without interruption until 10, 12, or 15 bottles have been taken * * * if the disease * * * is * * * paralysis, loss of sight, chronic rheumatism, or extremely large or deep ulcers, a greater number of bottles should be taken," (folder, light green, Spanish) "Zendeias Treatment Strong Purifier of the Blood For all Sexes For all Ages * * * is notably antagonistic to some germs * * * it makes it unnecessary for the patients to incur the steady expense of consulting physicians * * * No disturbance of the digestion and no loss of appetite * * * the Zendejas Treatment has the same effect on the blood as a purgative or laxative on the digestion. On account of its composition the Zendejas Treatment acts as a very strong purifier of the blood, as the most active regenerator of the nutritive fluid, as the most energetic reconstituent which may create well being and hope in a large number of patients whose depressed and sad appearance is a sure sign of constant disturbance in the digestive apparatus, impoverishment of blood and lack of nervous energy, the most assimilable and eliminable medicine for all impurities of the blood * * * the inventor is able to recommend this medicine with so much more confidence being convinced that so far none has given such good results with blood diseases of all kinds and diseases of secondary order such as anemia, chlorisis, jaundice, and some skin diseases diseases originating from impurity of the blood, pimples, headache (acute pain in the head), dyspepsia, intestinal irregularities produced by the use of mercury, eczema, epilepsy or fits, insomnia, sores, lack of respiration, memory, sleep and appetite, poor digestion, constipation, seasickness, neurasthenia, rheumatism, suppuration of the eyes or ears, tumors, scrofula, fatigue caused by overwork, wounds, suppurating fistulas and tumors which do not heal, some diseases of the sight, nervous affections, paralysis, lack of * * * the cause of all these diseases is a single one * * * the cause of the diseases for which the Zendejas Treatment is used in impurity of the blood; the effects are the diseases mentioned. If the blood is purified, all these diseases will disappear," (sticker) "* * Diabetic patients will have to take the medicine straight," which said statements and claims were false and fraudulent for the reason that the drug contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effect claimed.

On June 30, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. Ball, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

8998. Misbranding of Texas Wonder. U.S. * * * v. 35 Bottles of Texas Wonder. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 12588. I. S. No. 9685-r. S. No. C-1871.)

On May 6, 1920, the United States attorney for the Western District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 35 bottles of an article, labeled in part "Texas Wonder," at Austin, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about March 21, 1920, by E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo., and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Texas, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of copaiba, rhubarb, colchicum, guaiac, turpentine, alcohol, and water.

It was alleged in substance in the libel that the article was misbranded for the reason that the carton in which the bottles of the article were inclosed contained the following statements and claims regarding the curative effects of said article, "The Texas Wonder for Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Diabetes, Weak and Lame Backs, Rheumatism and Gravel. Regulates Bladder Trouble in Children," (circulars) "In cases of Gravel and Rheumatic Troubles it should be taken every night in 25-drop doses until relieved. * * * In treating children for bed-wetting * * For Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism and Kindred Diseases, has been employed with success in Rheumatism, Diabetes, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, cases of Gravel and other kindred diseases," (testimony of Louis A. Portner) "* * began using The Texas Wonder for stone in the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and tuberculosis of the kidneys * * * . His urine contained 40% pus * * * was still using the medicine with wonderful results, and his weight had increased," which were false and fraudulent for the reason that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On June 21, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.