Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it was a highly mineralized water and that the dissolved mineral matter consisted chiefly of sodium salts.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the above-quoted statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article were false and fraudulent, since it contained no ingredient or combination thereof capable of producing the effects claimed.

On October 18, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. Pugsley. Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

10148. Adulteration of dried lima beans. U. S. * * * v. 50 Bags of Dried Lima Beans * * *. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 15536. Inv. No. 35757. S. No. E-3626.)

On November 4, 1921, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 50 bags of dried lima beans, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Baltimore, Md., consigned on or about October 1, 1921, alleging that the article had been shipped by Morris Gross, Norfolk, Va., and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On December 8, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.