

**10182. Misbranding of Hall's catarrh medicine. U. S. \* \* \* v. One Gross Packages and Two Gross Packages of \* \* \* Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. Nos. 14013, 14071. I. S. Nos. 10158-t, 10159-t. S. Nos. W-812, W-815.)

On or about December 14, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels for the seizure and condemnation of 3 gross packages of Hall's catarrh medicine, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., consigned by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped from Toledo, Ohio, on or about August 20 and November 15, 1920, respectively, and transported from the State of Ohio into the State of Colorado, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of potassium iodid, bitter plant extractives, sugar, alcohol, and water, flavored with cardamom.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libels for the reason that the labels of the bottles containing the article and the carton and booklet accompanying the same bore statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article, in part as follows, (carton) "Hall's Catarrh Medicine \* \* \*," (bottle) "Hall's Catarrh Medicine \* \* \* valuable in the treatment of Catarrh \* \* \*," (booklet) "Hall's Catarrh Medicine For Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity, Catarrh of the Ear, Throat, Stomach, Bowels or Bladder. \* \* \* a Blood Purifier \* \* \*," which statements were false and fraudulent in that the said article was not a medicine for catarrh, was not valuable in the treatment of catarrh, was not a blood purifier, and contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing any of the effects claimed.

On December 22, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**10183. Misbranding of Hall's catarrh medicine. U. S. \* \* \* v. 144 Bottles \* \* \* of Hall's Catarrh Medicine, et al. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. Nos. 11560, 14063, 14064, 14065, 14066, 14067. I. S. No. 15187-r. Inv. Nos. 19596, 19597, 19598, 19599, 19600. S. Nos. E-1902, E-2930, E-2931, E-2932, E-2933, E-2934.)

On December 16, 1919, and December 15, 1920, respectively, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels for the seizure and condemnation of 82½ dozen bottles of Hall's catarrh medicine, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped on or about October 27, 1919, and June 15, October 28, and November 4, 18, and 20, 1920, respectively, and transported from the State of Ohio into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted essentially of potassium iodid, bitter plant extractives, sugar, alcohol, and water, flavored with cardamom.

The allegations in the libels with reference to the false and fraudulent statements as to the curative and therapeutic effect of the said article, appearing in the labeling thereof, are substantially the same as those set forth in detail in Notice of Judgment No. 10065, to which reference is made.

On January 5 and 17, 1922, respectively, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the property be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**10184. Misbranding of Euca-Mul. U. S. \* \* \* v. 29 Sixteen-Ounce Bottles of \* \* \* Euca-Mul. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 14383. Inv. No. 27891. S. No. E-3084.)

On February 1, 1921, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the