Examination by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of the 3 cases involved in the consignments, each case containing 360 eggs, showed the following results:

	Two cases.	One case.
Black rots.	7	3
Mixed or white rots. Spot rots. Blood rings, heavy. Blood rots. Chick rots 7 to 12 days.	87	40
Spot rots	7	1
Blood rings, heavy	64	1
Blood rots	37	6
Chick rots 7 to 12 days	28	
Total inedible eggs	230	51
Total inedible eggs	31. 94	14. 1

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On January 25, 1922, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

10335. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. * * v. William E. Seaman (Seaman Produce Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$25 and costs. (F. & D. No. 14550. I. S. No. 336-t.)

On May 31, 1921, the United States attorney for the Western District of Oklahoma, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against William E. Seaman, trading as the Seaman Produce Co., Ponca City, Okla., alleging shipment by said defendant, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about July 7, 1920, from the State of Oklahoma into the State of Kansas, of a quantity of shell eggs which were adulterated.

Examination by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of 4 cases taken from the consignment, each case containing 360 eggs, showed the presence of 255, or 17.7 per cent, inedible eggs, consisting of black rots, mixed or white rots, moldy eggs, spot rots, heavy blood rings, and chick rots.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On January 25, 1922, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

10336. Adulteration of walnut meats. U. S. * * * v. 20 Boxes * * * of English Walnut Meats. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 15360. I. S. No. 317-t. S. No. C-3202.)

On September 2, 1921, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 20 boxes of English walnut meats, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article, a rejected shipment, had been shipped from Sioux Falls, S. D., August 25, 1921, and transported from the State of South Dakota into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 8, 1922, T. M. Duche & Sons, Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, in conformity with section 10 of the act, conditioned in part that it be labeled as follows: "Not to be used for food, or for the manufacture of food articles."

C. W. Pugsley, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.