Misbranding of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the above-quoted statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article were false and fraudulent since it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On April 16, 1923, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court

that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

HOWARD M. GORE, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11467. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 200 Cases of Salmon. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to fish hatcheries for fish food. (F. & D. No. 17355. I. S. No. 8344-v. S. No. W-1327.)

On March 10, 1923, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 200 cases of salmon, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Marathon Fishing & Packing Co., from Cape Fanshaw, Alaska, arriving at Seattle, Wash., November 10, 1922, and transported from the Territory of Alaska into the State of Washington, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Loyal Brand \* \* Salmon Net Contents One Pound Loyal Brand Pink Salmon Packed In Alaska By Marathon Fishing & Packing Co. Seattle, Wash. U. S. A."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On March 31, 1923, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be delivered to the State Fisheries Department to be used as fish food.

HOWARD M. GORE, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11468. Adulteration of walnut meats. U. S. v. 8 Cases of Walnut Meats.

Decree entered ordering release of good portion and destruction of bad portion. (F. & D. No. 17257. I. S. No. 8329-v. S. No. W-1307.)

On February 8, 1923, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 8 cases of walnut meats, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Sanitary Nut Shelling Co., Los Angeles, Calif., January 14, 1923, and transported from the State of California into the State of Washington, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Dark Amber 50 Lbs. Net R 22 Order Of Sanitary Nut Shelling Co., L. A. Cal."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it con-

sisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 1, 1923, the Imperial Candy Co., Seattle, Wash., having entered an appearance as claimant for the property and the product having been released to the claimant under bond to be reconditioned, and it appearing that but 51½ pounds of the article were bad, it was ordered by the court that the said 51½ pounds of the article be destroyed by the United States marshal and the remainder released to the said claimant.

HOWARD M. GORE, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

11469. Adulteration of green olives in brine. U. S. v. 109 Barrels of Italian Green Olives in Brine. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 17380. I. S. No. 324-v. S. No. E-4329.)

On March 19, 1923, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 109 barrels of Italian green olives in brine, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from a foreign country into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.