hydrochloride tablets, labeled "1/24 Gr.," contained an average of not more than 0.362 grain of heroin hydrochloride each.

Adulteration of the articles was alleged in the information for the reason that their strength and purity fell below the professed standard and quality under which they were sold.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements, to wit, "Tablet Triturates Caffeine 1 Gr.," "Tablet Triturates Heroin Hydrochlor. 1/12 Gr.," "Tablet Triturates Atropine Sulphate 1/50 Gr.," "Tablet Triturates Morphine Sulphate 1/4 Gr.," "Tablets Morphine Sulphate 1/8 Gr.," "Tablets Nitroglycerine 1/100 Gr.," "Pills Quinine Sulphate 2 grains," "Tablets Morphine Sulphate 1/20 Gr.," "Tablet Triturates Heroin Hydrochloride 1/24 Gr.," borne on the labels attached to the bottles containing the respective articles, regarding the said articles and the ingredients and substances contained therein, were false and misleading, in that the said statements represented that each of said tablets, or pills, as the case might be, contained the amount of the product as declared on the respective labels, whereas, in truth and in fact, each of said tablets, or pills, did not contain the amount of the product declared on the respective labels but did contain a less amount.

On January 26, 1925, a plea of nolo contendere to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

R. W. DUNLAP, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

13102. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. Hannon E. Crone (Wood County Produce Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$15. (F. & D. No. 19298. I. S. No. 18188-v.)

On December 26, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against Hannon E. Crone, trading as the Wood County Produce Co., Winnsboro, Tex., alleging shipment by said defendant, in violation of the food and drugs act, on or about June 20, 1924, from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana, of a quantity of shell eggs which were adulterated. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "From Wood County Produce Co. Winnsboro, Texas."

part: (Tag) "From Wood County Produce Co. Winnsboro, Texas."

Examination by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of the 720 eggs in the consignment showed that 136 eggs, or 18.8 per cent, were inedible eggs, consisting of mixed rots, moldy eggs, spot rots, and blood rings.

eggs, consisting of mixed rots, moldy eggs, spot rots, and blood rings.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, putrid, and decomposed animal substance.

On January 26, 1925, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$15.

R. W. DUNLAP, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

13103. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. H. Arthor Bowdain (Wood County Produce Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$5. (F. & D. No. 18332. I. S. Nos. 5950-v, 5959-v, 5959-v, 5964-v.)

On May 12, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against H. Arthor Bowdain, trading as Wood County Produce Co., Winnsboro, Tex., alleging shipment by said defendant, in violation of the food and drugs act, in various consignments, namely, on or about July 3, July 4, and July 8, 1923, respectively, from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana, of quantities of shell eggs which were adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Wood Co. Pro. Co. Winnsboro, Tex."

Examination by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of a sample from each of the 4 consignments showed 10.3 per cent, 24.3 per cent, 11.6 per cent, and 12 per cent, respectively, of inedible eggs, consisting principally of mixed or white rots, moldy eggs, spot rots, and blood rings.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy and putrid and decomposed animal substance.

On January 26, 1925, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$5.

R. W. DUNLAP, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

13104. Misbranding of cottonseed meal. U. S. v. Conway Oil & Ice Co. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. & D. No. 18751. I. S. No. 8845-v.)

On September 19, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in