

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that a substance, to wit, water, had been mixed and packed therewith so as to lower and reduce and injuriously affect its quality and strength, and for the further reason that a substance, to wit, excessive water, had been substituted in part for evaporated apples, which the article purported to be.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements, "12 Oz. Net" and "10 Oz. Net," borne on the packages containing the article, were false and misleading, in that they represented that each of said packages contained 12 ounces net or 10 ounces net of the said article, and for the further reason that it was labeled as aforesaid so as to deceive and mislead the purchaser into the belief that each of the packages contained 12 ounces net or 10 ounces net of the article, whereas each of said packages contained less than 10 ounces net of the said article. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the article was food in package form and the quantity of the contents was not plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package.

On March 10, 1926, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**14290. Adulteration of chestnuts. U. S. v. Descalzi Bros. Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$25 and costs. (F. & D. No. 19678. I. S. No. 16888-v.)**

On February 16, 1926, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against Descalzi Bros. Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., alleging shipment by said company, in violation of the food and drugs act, on or about October 29, 1924, from Buffalo, N. Y., into the State of Massachusetts, of a quantity of chestnuts which were adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and putrid and decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 16, 1926, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**14291. Misbranding of apples. U. S. v. the American Fruit Growers, Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$5. (F. & D. No. 19314. I. S. No. 12241-v.)**

On September 2, 1925, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against the American Fruit Growers, Inc., a corporation, Sacramento, Calif., alleging shipment by said company, in violation of the food and drugs act as amended, on or about June 23, 1924, from the State of California into the State of Colorado, of a quantity of apples in boxes which were misbranded. The article was labeled: "American Fruit Growers, Inc."

Misbranding of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it was food in package form and the quantity of the contents was not plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package.

On September 21, 1925, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$5.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**14292. Adulteration and misbranding of wheat grey shorts. U. S. v. 900 Sacks of Wheat Grey Shorts. Product released under bond to be relabeled. (F. & D. No. 19878. I. S. Nos. 19823-v, 19824-v. S. No. C-4673.)**

On March 9, 1925, the United States attorney for the Western District of Tennessee, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 900 sacks of wheat grey shorts, at Memphis, Tenn., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Kansas Flour Mills Co., from Kansas City, Mo., on or about February 14, 1925, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Tennessee, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Wheat Grey Shorts & Screenings Not Exceeding 8% Screenings. The Kansas Flour Mills Company Kansas City," and was invoiced "Our Grey Shorts."