Blood Diseases, whether inherited or contracted, are a most dangerous menace to the health of a person. Not only do they make one unsightly by making their appearance in the form of Eruptions, Pimples, Scald Head or Syphilitic Humors, but they gradually undermine the health, seriously affecting the brain and nervous system. Nu-Life Remedy has helped many who have had blood troubles. Do You Suffer With Rheumatism? \* \* \* Whether the disease be Chronic, Inflammatory or Gonorrhea Rheumatism, there is no remedy like Nu-Life Remedy \* \* \* Have You Dyspepsia? try Nu-Life Remedy. For all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels; for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Intermittent and other Malarial Fevers you ever have a kink in your back? Do you find it difficult to bend over? Do you experience excruciating pains in the small of your back when rising from a chair or changing from one position to another? Were the kidneys strong and healthy instead of being weak, this form of backache would be unknown. \* \* \* Dirt Inside The Body Causes Sickness \* \* \* By 'Dirt' we mean any impurity. When your stomach is dirty \* \* \* When the bowels are dirty \* \* \* When the kidneys are dirty \* \* \* When the nasal passages are dirty \* \* \* If the internal ear is dirty \* \* \* In women, when the organs peculiar to them are dirty \* \* \* these things are accompanied by foul smelling odors which indicate more clearly than anything else that some part of the body is dirty. That is, it is unclean. It is clogged up with impurities. It must be rid of these impurities and poisons which we call dirt, before it can get well. Use Nu-Life to get rid of bodily dirt. \* \* \* has been proven to be able to clean Nu-Life cleans out impurities. \* the system and restore it," (Polish) "Rheumatism, Grippe \* lous eczema, syphilis, erysipelas, indigestion, dyspepsia."

On August 30, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product

be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

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14679. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 50 Cartons, et al., of Butter. Decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21277, 21278. I. S. Nos. 2274-x, 2284-x. S. Nos. C-5209, C-5223.)

On August 10 and 16, 1926, respectively, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 100 fiber-board cartons of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped by the Harrow-Taylor Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., in part on or about July 26, 1926, and in part on or about August 5, 1926, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Ohio, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libels for the reason that a product which contained less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat as prescribed by the act of March 4, 1923.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement "Butter," borne on the label, was false and misleading, in that the said statement represented that the article consisted wholly of butter, and for the further reason that it was labeled as aforesaid so as to deceive and mislead the purchaser into the belief that it consisted wholly of butter, whereas it did not so consist but did consist of a product deficient in milk fat. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the statement "Butter," borne on the label, was false and misleading, in that it represented that the article was butter, to wit, a product which should contain not less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat as prescribed by law, whereas the said article contained less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat.

On August 30, 1926, the Harrow-Taylor Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of bonds in the total sum of \$1,000, conditioned in part that it be reworked so that it would meet the requirements of the law defining and providing a standard for butter.