

praying seizure and condemnation of 720 cases of grapefruit, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by R. W. Burch, from Plant City, Fla., on or about January 20, 1927, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "West Coast Brand * * * R. W. Burch Sales Office, Plant City, Florida."

Examination of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted in whole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On February 18, 1927, R. W. Burch, Plant City, Fla., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of bonds totaling \$1,000, conditioned in part that it be repacked under the supervision of this department and not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to law.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14933. Adulteration of oranges and tangerines. U. S. v. 31 Cases of Oranges and 105 Cases of Tangerines. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 21723. I. S. No. 13725-x. S. No. E-5997.)

On March 1, 1927, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 31 cases of oranges and 105 cases of tangerines, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by Chase & Co., Nocatee, Fla., alleging that the articles had been shipped from Nocatee, Fla., on or about February 23, 1927, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The articles were labeled in part: (Wrapper) "Terrapin Brand Oranges & Grapefruit Chase & Co. Sales Agents Nocatee Groves."

Examination of the articles by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that they consisted in whole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

It was alleged in the libel that the articles were adulterated, in that they consisted in whole or in part of decomposed vegetable substances.

On March 21, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the products be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14934. Adulteration of tangerines. U. S. v. 429 Half Boxes and 629 Half Boxes of Tangerines. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 21627, 21628. I. S. Nos. 13717-x, 13750-x. S. Nos. E-5960, E-5964.)

On February 9, 1927, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 1,058 half boxes of tangerines, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by the De Land Packing Co., De Land, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped from De Land, Fla., in two consignments, on or about January 31 and February 1, 1927, respectively, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Temptation Brand Tangerines De Land Packing Co. De Land, Fla."

Examination of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted in whole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 2, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*