

**15442. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 8 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22050. I. S. No. 16470-x. S. No. 72.)**

On August 23, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 8 crates of blueberries, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by W. Robbins, from Rockville, Me., August 22, 1927, and transported from the State of Maine into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On October 4, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**15443. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 6 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22056. I. S. No. 16472-x. S. No. 93.)**

On September 1, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 6 crates of blueberries, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by Mrs. J. H. Anderson, from Rockland, Me., August 31, 1927, and transported from the State of Maine into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On October 4, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**15444. Adulteration of canned cherries. U. S. v. 138 Cases of Canned Cherries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 20904. I. S. No. 5032-x. S. No. E-5647.)**

On March 4, 1926, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 138 cases of canned cherries, at Richmond, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Victor Food Corporation, Victor, N. Y., on or about August 14, 1925, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Virginia, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On October 13, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**15445. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 4 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22048. I. S. No. 7699-x. S. No. 74.)**

On August 24, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 4 crates of blueberries, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by K. Salminen, from Rockland, Me., August 23, 1927, and transported from the State of Maine into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.