

entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that the said product be reconditioned under the supervision of this department.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

16068. Adulteration of apple chops. U. S. v. 619 Sacks of Apple Chops. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 21272. I. S. No. 14081-x. S. No. C-5226.)

On August 30, 1926, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 619 sacks of apple chops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by Denny & Co., from New Plymouth, Idaho, on March 31, 1926, and transported from the State of Idaho into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in substance in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a substance injurious to health, to wit, arsenic, and in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient, to wit, arsenic, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On September 12, 1928, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

16069. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 100 Cases of Raisins. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22986. I. S. Nos. 0853, 0859. S. No. 1056.)

On August 14, 1928, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 100 cases of raisins, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped by Rosenberg Bros. & Co., San Francisco, Calif., on or about January 11, 1928, and transported from the State of California into the State of Louisiana, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "25 Lbs. Net Choice Unbleached Thompson Seedless Raisins."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On October 15, 1928, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

16070. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. 10 Cases, et al., of Eggs. Decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. Nos. 23031, 23076. I. S. Nos. 0863, 0867. S. Nos. 1073, 1111.)

On or about August 3 and August 8, 1928, respectively, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 18 cases of eggs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped by A. A. Hacker & Co., Brenham, Tex., in part on or about July 31, 1928, and in part on or about August 6, 1928, and transported from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "From A. A. Hacker & Co. Brenham, Texas."

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of decomposed eggs.

On August 7 and August 11, 1928, respectively, A. A. Hacker & Co., Brenham, Tex., having appeared as claimant for the property, and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of bonds totaling \$200, conditioned in part that the bad eggs be separated from the article and destroyed.