original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Munyon Remedy Co., Scranton, Pa., on or about January 29, 1929, and transported from the State of Pennsylvania into the State of New York, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it con-

sisted essentially of sugar and a trace of arsenic.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article appearing on the bottle label and carton, (bottle label) "Grippe Remedy Prepared for checking the discharges from the nose and eyes, for relieving the throat and lung symptoms, and for allaying the inflammation and fever. Directions—Take four pellets every half hour until relieved," (carton) "Grippe Remedy * * * Munyon's Grippe Remedy Prepared for checking the discharges from the Nose and Eyes, for relieving the Throat and Lung Symptoms, and for allaying the Pains, Soreness, Fever, Nervousness, and Weakness of Grippe," were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed, and in that the said statements were applied to the article knowingly and in reckless and wanton disregard of their truth or falsity, so as to represent falsely and fraudulently to purchasers thereof and create in the minds of such purchasers the impression and belief that the article was in whole or in part composed of or contained ingredients or medicinal agents effective in the diseases and conditions therein named.

On March 13, 1929, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court

that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

16263. Misbranding of Bronchuletts. U. S. v. 1½ Dozen Packages of Bronchuletts. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 23463. I. S. No. 07933. S. No. 1633.)

On February 23, 1929, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 11/2 dozen packages of Bronchuletts, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., consigned by the International Laboratories, Rochester, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from Rochester, N. Y., on or about December 12, 1928, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the articles by this department showed that it consisted essentially of acetanilide (0.93 grain per tablet), quinine sulphate (0.40 grain per tablet), camphor, and extracts of laxative plant drugs.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements borne on the bottle label, "Bronchuletts for * * * La Grippe, Influenza * * * Neuralgia," were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed, and in that the said statements were applied to the article knowingly and in reckless and wanton disregard of their truth or falsity, so as to represent falsely and fraudulently to purchasers thereof and create in the minds of such purchasers the impression and belief that the article was in whole or in part composed of or contained ingredients or medicinal agents effective in the treatment of disease or the prevention thereof.

On April 11, 1929, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that

the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

16264. Misbranding of Eagle menthol inhaler. U. S. v. 59 Dozen Tubes of Eagle Menthol Inhaler. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 23366. I. S. No. 03321. 'S. No.

On February 4, 1929, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of dozen tubes of Eagle menthol inhaler, remaining in the original unbroken Packages at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped by the

63568-29-