carries out of the system the acid particles which are deposited here and there in rheumatic subjects, giving rise to the swelling, distortion and pain, which are the main features of chronic rheumatism and gout. * * * For Gout and Rheumatism Take Muller's Famous Prescription."

On November 19, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the

court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

17761. Misbranding of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound. U. S. v. 3 Dozen Large Cans, et al., of Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper, and Indigestion Compound. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 24872. I. S. No. 020819. S. No. 3209.)

Examination of samples of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound having shown that the labels bore claims of curative and therapeutic properties that the article did not possess, the Secretary of Agriculture reported to the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Michigan the hereindescribed interstate shipment of a quantity of the product located at Detroit, Mich.

On or about June 30, 1930, the said United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 3 dozen large and 1½ dozen small cans of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound at Detroit, Mich., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Newton (Horse) Remedy Co., from Toledo, Ohio, on or about May 8, 1930, and transported from the State of Ohio into the State of Michigan, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of calcium hydroxide, iron oxide, magnesium carbonate, antimony and potassium tartrate, arsenic trioxide, and capsicum.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the statements regarding its curative or therapeutic effects, appearing in the labeling, were false and fraudulent, since the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On December 8, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

17762. Misbranding of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound. U. S. v. 2 Dozen Large and 2½ Dozen Small Cans of Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper, and Indigestion Compound. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 24873. I. S. Nos. 028573, 028574. S. No. 3208.)

An examination of samples of the herein-described drug product having shown that the labels bore claims of curative and therapeutic properties that the article did not possess, the Secretary of Agriculture reported to the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York the following interstate shipment of a quantity of the product.

On July 1, 1930, the said United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 2 dozen large and 2½ dozen small cans of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Newton (Horse) Remedy Co., from Toledo, Ohio, on or about May 7, 1930, and had been transported from Ohio into the State of New York, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of calcium hydroxide, iron oxide, magnesium carbonate,

antimony and potassium tartrate, arsenic trioxide, and capsicum.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article, borne on the tin container and in the accompanying circular, were false and fraudulent, since the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: (Tin container) "Heave, Cough, Distemper and Indigestion Compound. A veterinary Medicine for Wind, Throat, and Stomach Troubles. * * * Horse Remedy Co.

* * it maintains its efficiency for Heaves, Coughs, Colds, Distemper, Indigestion, Worms and Skin eruptions or animals out of condition. * For Heaves and Chronic Cough. * * * until relieved * * * In aggravated cases * * * For Colds, Acute Coughs, Distemper and Influenza
* * * For Skin Eruptions, Worms, Indigestion and Conditioner. * * *
For keeping in condition horses * * * In the treatment of heaves it relieves the trouble by correcting the cause which is chronic indigestion, indigestion also causes colic, scouring, staggers, etc. It is effective in coughs, colds, distemper, influenza, indigestion, skin eruptions (or blood purifier), and valuable for expelling worms, and a grand conditioner. As our testimonials show, many horses that were useless to their owners have been fully restored. We recommend this very strongly for horses used for hard and fast work, as it acts directly upon the digestive and respirative organs, and tends to keep them in good condition. * * * Equally effective for cattle and hogs;" (yellow circular)
"* * * as their ailments are similar. An occasional dose given the animals will tend to keep them in good condition. Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper and Indigestion Compound * * * has proven in its 45 years' sale through dealers and use in Veterinary practice that it is effective for Indigestion, Heaves, Stomach and Intestinal Worms, Coughs, Colds, Scouring and General Conditioning in which Cattle, Hogs and Horses are afflicted. * * * Remedy;" (pink circular) "Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper and Indigestion Compound * * * For Wind, Throat and Stomach Trouble. This Preparation Corrects the Cause of Heaves, Which Is Indigestion. (Indigestion is also largely the cause of Chronic Cough, the ill effect of Distemper is another cause of Chronic Cough.) For Colds, Acute or Chronic Cough, Catarrhal Fever or troubles arising from exposure. Distemper and Influenza are relieved by expelling the poison from the Blood and System. Applying to stomach troubles makes it a thorough Conditioner and effective for Skin Eruptions and a Blood Purifier. A valuable Worm Expeller. * * * For Treatment of Heaves * * * This aids greatly in the use of the compound, especially in bad cases. * * * Usually from one to three cans will do the work, but in some aggravated cases, or cases of long standing, from three to six cans may be required. * * * with no let up during treatment * * * In bad cases * * * The compound will correct Heaves, * * * It is effective for wind troubles, except roaring or whistling, which shows only when the horse is exerted and is caused usually from the ill effect of Distemper. Heaves is not a Lung Trouble. Indigestion causes it. It affects the lungs only indirectly, an enlarged stomach and diaphragm retards the circulation and nerve force of the lungs. Heaves show at all times by the peculiar movement of the flank and abdomen, standing as well as exerted, only it will vary, showing more at times than others. For Treatment of Chronic Cough. If no apparent throat trouble, use same as for heaves. If the trouble is in the throat, a rattling sound or gland thickened, etc., use as per directions * * * In extreme cases use pine tar as mentioned for heaves. For Treatment of Distemper * * * Where the patient refuses to eat * * * In cases where the glands are swollen and abcesses forming, * * * When the abscesses point, * * * In cases where the breathing becomes labored * * * In aggravated cases, * * * Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper and Indigestion Compound is an excellent preparation for Cattle. * * * Horse Remedy Co."

On October 10, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

17763. Misbranding of Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound. U. S. v. 4 Dozen Cans, et al., of Newton's Heave, Cough, Distemper, and Indigestion Compound. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 24869, 24871. I. S. Nos. 033839, 033840. S. Nos. 3206, 3210.)

Examination of samples of a drug product, known as Newton's heave, cough, distemper, and indigestion compound, from one of the herein-described interstate shipments having shown that the labels bore claims of curative properties that the article did not possess, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Southern District of Indiana.

On July 10, 1930, the said United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid libels praying seizure and condemnation of 7 dozen small cans and $2\frac{5}{6}$ dozen large cans of the said Newton's