and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Red Tag Choice Fresh Oregon Prunes * * Paulus Bros. Packing Co., Salem, Oregon."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted

in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On May 11, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

18561. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 160 Barrels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 25286. I. S. Nos. 9535, 9536. S. No. 3555.)

Arsenic having been found on samples of apples taken from the shipment herein described, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the

United States attorney for the Eastern District of New York.

On October 30, 1930, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 160 barrels of apples, remaining in the original packages at Brooklyn, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by George E. Petley, from Winchester, Va., on or about October 22, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Packed by George E. Petley, Winchester, Va. Wray Goodwin & Keyt, Lynchburg, Va., shippers."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient, namely, arsenic, which might have

rendered it injurious to health.

On November 3, 1930, H. W. Farrel, New York, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned in part that it be treated by wiping, washing, or otherwise, so as to remove the arsenic.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

18562. Adulteration of canned pimientos. U. S. v. 9½ Cases of Pimientos. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 25351. I. S. No. 4361. S. No. 3616.)

Samples of canned pimientos from the shipment herein described having been found to be decomposed, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter

to the United States attorney for the Western District of Virginia.

On or about November 25, 1930, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine and one-half cases of pimientos, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Lexington, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped by Von Bremen-Asche-DeBruyn (Inc.), from Vienna, Ga., on or about September 29, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Georgia into the State of Virginia, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Plee-Zing Pimientos Packed for George W. Simmons Corporation, St. Louis By Von Bremen-Asche-DeBruyn, Inc., Distributors."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On June 2, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

18563. Adulteration and misbranding of frozen egg yolks. U. S. v. 332 Cans of Frozen Egg Yolks. Consent decree of condemnation entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 26289. I. S. No. 28342. S. No. 4596.)

Samples of frozen egg yolks from the shipment herein described having been found to contain added sugar, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Western District of New York.

On April 24, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and con-

demnation of 332 cans of frozen egg yolks, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Rochester, N. Y., consigned by Sherman White & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind., alleging that the article had been shipped from Fort Wayne, Ind., on or about April 25, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Indiana into the State of New York, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Packed at Fort Wayne, Ind. Keith's Eggs Ovisco 10 Lbs."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that sugar had

been substituted in part for the said article.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the designation "Eggs" was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, and for the further reason that the article was offered for sale under the distinctive name

of another article.

On May 6, 1931, H. J. Keith Co. (Inc.), Rochester, N. Y., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant to be relabeled under the supervision of this department, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$3,700, conditioned that it should not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to law.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

18564. Adulteration and misbranding of frozen egg yolks. U. S. v. 153 Cans of Frozen Egg Yolks. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 26276. I. S. No. 24479. S. No. 4611.)

Samples of frozen egg yolks from the shipment herein described having been found to contain added sugar, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter

to the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois.

On or about April 24, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 153 cans of frozen egg yolks at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Land O'Lakes Creameries (Inc.), from Minnesota Transfer, Minn., September 27, 1930, and had been transported from the State of Minnesota into the State of Illinois, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Land O'Lakes Frozen Egg Yolks."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a substance, sugar, had been mixed and packed therewith so as to reduce, lower, or injuriously affect its quality or strength, and had been substituted partly

for the said article.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements on the label, "Egg Yolks," was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser; and for the further reason that the article was offered for sale under

the distinctive name of another article.

On April 28, 1931, the Land O'Lakes Creameries (Inc.), Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant to be properly labeled, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned that it should not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to law.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

18565. Adulteration of dried cherries. U. S. v. 187 Boxes of Dried Cherries. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 26264. I. S. No. 22021. S. No. 4502.)

Samples of dried cherries from the shipment herein described having been found to be moldy, insect contaminated, and dirty, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the District of Maryland.

On April 24, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 137 boxes of dried cherries, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Otzen Packing Co., for the account of F. M. Burnham & Co., from San Francisco, Calif., on or about March 14, 1931, and had been transported from the State of California into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration in viola-