

sum of \$800, conditioned in part that it be reconditioned under the supervision of this department, and that it should not be sold or disposed of contrary to the food and drugs act or the laws of any State.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

19078. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 149 Cases of Canned Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 27088. I. S. No. 11581. S. No. 5250.)

Samples of canned salmon from the shipment herein described having been found to be tainted or stale, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Southern District of California.

On October 20, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 149 cases of canned salmon, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Fresno, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 12, 1931, by McGovern & McGovern, from Seattle, Wash., and had been transported in interstate commerce from the State of Washington into the State of California, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Cans) "Palace Brand Alaska Pink Salmon Net Contents 1 Lb. Haas Brothers Distributors San Francisco Fresno."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On January 13, 1932, the Wrangell Packing Corporation, Wrangell, Alaska, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having filed a cost bond in the sum of \$250, and a release bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that the product should not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Federal food and drugs act and other existing laws, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be delivered to the claimant for the purpose of segregating for destruction such portion thereof as contained bad fish, such segregation to be made under the supervision of this department.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

19079. Adulteration of cottonseed cake. U. S. v. 400 Sacks of Cottonseed Cake. Consent decree of condemnation entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 27152. I. S. No. 23813. S. No. 5293.)

Live weevils, webs, and excreta having been found in samples of cottonseed cake from the shipment herein described, the matter was reported to the United States attorney for the District of Kansas by an official of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, commissioned by the Secretary of Agriculture.

On September 11, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 400 sacks of the said cottonseed cake, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Buffalo, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Morrilton Cotton Oil Mill, Morrilton, Ark., on or about August 25, 1931, and had been transported from the State of Arkansas into the State of Kansas, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it was infested with live weevil, their webs and excreta, whereby the quality and nutritive strength of the article had been injuriously affected and reduced.

On October 20, 1931, the National Cottonseed Products Corporation, Memphis, Tenn., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it be properly labeled, and should not be sold or offered for sale in violation of any existing law.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

19080. Adulteration of dried figs. U. S. v. 10 Cases of Dried Figs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 26795. I. S. No. 11169. S. No. 4936.)

Samples of dried figs from the shipment herein described having been found to be moldy and insect-infested, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the District of Oregon.

On July 18, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemna-