On May 5, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 25 cases of butter, remaining in the original and unbroken packages at South St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about April 23, 1931, by the White City Creamery Co., from Mott, N. Dak., and had been transported in interstate commerce from the State of North Dakota into the State of Minnesota, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act as amended. The article was labeled in part: "Swift's Premium Quality Brookfield Pasteurized Creamery Butter \* 1 Lb. Net."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat.

The White City Creamery Co., Mott, N. Dak., filed an answer praying release of the property and tendered a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned that the product be reworked so that it contain not less than 80 per cent of milk fat, and that it should not be sold or disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Federal food and drugs act or other existing laws, and further conditioned that claimant pay all costs of the proceedings. On June 4, 1931, a decree was entered approving the said bond and ordering release of the product.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

19287. Adulteration of cabbage. U. S. v. 180 Hampers of Cabbage. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 27374. I. S. Nos. 39036, 39037. S. No. 5574.)

Arsenic and lead having been found on samples of cabbage taken from the shipment herein described, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter

to the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts.

On December 15, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 180 hampers of cabbage, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by the South Carolina Produce Association, from Meggett, S. C., on or about December 7, 1931, and had been transported from the State of South Carolina into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, to wit, arsenic and lead,

which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On December 16, 1931, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

19288. Adulteration of canned frozen mixed eggs. U. S. v. Standard Brands (Inc.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$200. (F. & D. No. 26682. Brands (Inc.). I. S. No. 26420.)

Samples of canned frozen mixed eggs from the shipment herein described having been found to be putrid, sour, or stale, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois.

On October 10, 1931, the United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid an information against Standard Brands (Inc.), a corporation, trading at Chicago, Ill., alleging shipment by said company, in violation of the food and drugs act, on or about January 28, 1931, from the State of Illinois into the State of Ohio, of a quantity of canned frozen mixed eggs that were adulterated. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Frozen Fleishmann's Spring Laid Eggs, Distributed by Standard Brands Incorporated, New York City."

It was alleged in the information that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole and in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal

substance.

On December 16, 1931, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$200.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.