20081. Adulteration of crab meat. U.S. v. 50 Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. Sample No. 13153-A.)

This action involved the interstate shipment of a quantity of crab meat.

samples of which were found to contain filth.

On August 9, 1932, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 50 cans of crab meat, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 5, 1932, by White & Nelson, from Hoopersville, Md., to Philadelphia, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted of a filthy animal substance.
On August 31, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20082. Adulteration of crab meat. U.S. v. 90 Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. 28592. Sample No. 13139-A.)

This action was based on the shipment of a quantity of crab meat, samples

of which were found to contain filth.

On August 5, 1932, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 90 cans of crab meat, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 2, 1932, by A. N. Faulkner & Co., from Tilghman, Md., to Philadelphia, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted of a filthy animal substance.
On August 31, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

R. G. TUGWELL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20083. Adulteration of crab meat. U.S. v. 13 Cans of Crab Meat. decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. No. 28644. Sample No. 15919-A.)

This action involved the interstate shipment of a quantity of crab meat,

samples of which were found to contain filth.

On August 15, 1932, the United States attorney for the District of Delaware, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 cans of crab meat, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Wilmington, Del., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 8, 1932, by Alexander Haddaway, from Claiborne, Md., to Wilmington, Del., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted of a filthy animal substance.

On September 8, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20084. Adulteration of crab meat. U.S. v. Fifteen 1-Gallon Cans, et al., of Crab Meat. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 28604, 28648. Sample Nos. 13144-A, 13160-A.)

These actions involved the shipment of quantities of crab meat, samples of which were found to contain filth. The matter was reported to the proper United States attorneys by the Secretary of Agriculture.