

execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned that it should not be sold or disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act and all other laws. The decree further provided that the product might be used in the manufacture of pasteurized process cheese.

R. G. TUGWELL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

20511. Adulteration and misbranding of mustard seed. U. S. v. 65 Bags and 22 Bags of Mustard Seed. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 29109. Sample nos. 5367-A, 5368-A.)

This case involved a shipment of two lots of mustard seed which was found to contain a large amount of charlock seed. Samples taken from one lot also were found to contain insect excreta and weed seed.

On October 21, 1932, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 87 bags of mustard seed, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Milwaukee, Wis., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 5, 1932, by the Security Warehouse Co., from Minneapolis, Minn., to Milwaukee, Wis., and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was invoiced as domestic mustard seed.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that charlock seed had been mixed and packed therewith so as to reduce, lower, or injuriously affect its quality, and had been substituted in part for the article. Adulteration was alleged for the further reason that the article consisted in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the article was sold under the distinctive name of another article.

On December 28, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

R. G. TUGWELL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

20512. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 100 Cases of Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of unfit portion. (F. & D. no. 29110. Sample no. 2890-A.)

This action involved the interstate shipment of a quantity of canned salmon, samples of which were found to be decomposed.

On October 22, 1932, the United States attorney for the Western District of Wisconsin, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 100 cases of canned salmon, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Sparta, Wis., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 3, 1932, by the C. F. Buelow Co., from Seattle, Wash., to Sparta, Wis., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On November 28, 1932, the Lange Grocery Co., Sparta, Wis., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and destroyed.

R. G. TUGWELL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

20513. Adulteration and misbranding of cheese. U. S. v. 10 Cases of Cheese. Product released under bond to be relabeled. (F. & D. no. 28491. Sample no. 2353-A.)

This case involved the interstate shipment of a quantity of cheese, samples of which were found to be deficient in fat and to contain excessive moisture.

On or about July 30, 1932, the United States attorney for the District of Arizona, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 cases of cheese at Flagstaff, Ariz., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 8,