at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce into the State of New York, by the Lakota Creamery Co., Lakota, N.Dak., through the Kedney Warehouse Co., Grand Forks, N.Dak., on February 17, 1933, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On March 15, 1933, S. & W. Waldbaum, Inc., New York, N.Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20874. Misbranding of apple butter. U. S. v. 131 Cases of Apple Butter. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be relabeled. (F. & D. no. 29959. Sample nos. 30163-A, 30419-A.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of apple butter, sample jars of

which were found to contain less than 16 ounces, the declared weight.

On or about March 28, 1933, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 131 cases of apple butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about February 2 and February 10, 1933. by the Waynesboro Fruit Exchange, from Waynesboro, Pa., to Baltimore, Md., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended. The article was labeled in part: (Jar) "Eclipse Brand Pure Apple Butter Waynesboro Fruit Exchange, Waynesboro, Pa., Contents 16 oz."

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement on the label, "Contents 16 oz.", was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, and for the further reason that the article was in package form and the quantity of the contents was not plainly and conspicuously marked on the out-

side of the package, since the statement made was incorrect.

On March 31, 1933, the Waynesboro Fruit Exchange, having appeared as claimant for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned that it be relabeled.

R. G. TUGWELL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20875. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 17 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 29960. Sample no. 31519-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter, samples of which were found to contain less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat, the standard for butter

prescribed by Congress.

On March 2, 1933, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 17 tubs of butter at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Creighton Cooperative Creamery Co., Creighton, Nebr., in care of the Nebraska Cooperative Creameries, Inc., Omaha, Nebr., February 14, 1933, and had been transported from the State of Nebraska into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for

butter.

The Nebraska Cooperative Creameries, Inc., Omaha, Nebr., appeared through an agent and filed a claim for the product, admitting the allegations of the libel and consenting to the entry of a decree. On March 11, 1933, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, the decree providing that the butter be released to the claimant under bond conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

R. G. TUGWELL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.