

U.S.P.", "Fluidextract Ergot \* \* \* U.S.P. Physiologically Tested", "Fluidextract Belladonna leaves \* \* \* One hundred mils. contains 0.3 gm. alkaloids", were false and misleading, since the said statements represented that the tincture of aconite root and the fluidextract of ergot conformed to the standard prescribed in the United States Pharmacopoeia, and that the fluidextract of belladonna leaves contained 0.3 gram of alkaloids in each 100 mils, whereas the said tincture of aconite root and the fluidextract of ergot did not conform to the standard prescribed in the United States Pharmacopoeia, and the fluidextract of belladonna leaves contained more than 0.3 gram of the alkaloids, namely, not less than 0.356 gram of alkaloids per 100 mils.

On September 22, 1933, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$40 and costs.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**21593. Misbranding of Minwater Crystals. U. S. v. 40 Boxes, et al., of Minwater Crystals. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. nos. 30426, 30459, 30460, S. nos. 35814-A, 35815-A, 35851-A, 35853-A, 35882-A, 36687-A, 36688-A, 36689-A.)

Examination of the drug product, Minwater Crystals, disclosed that it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed on the carton label and in the circulars shipped with the article.

On May 17, 1933, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 215 packages of Minwater Crystals at Kansas City, Mo. On June 3, 1933, the United States attorney for the Western District of Oklahoma filed libels against 184 boxes of Minwater Crystals at Oklahoma City, Okla. It was alleged in the libels that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the Minwater Crystal Co. in various shipments on or about October 17, 1932, and April 11, 1933, from Dallas, Tex., and on or about December 7, 1932, and February 10, 1933, from Mineral Wells, Tex., and that it was misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that it consisted essentially of anhydrous sodium sulphate, with small proportions of sodium carbonate and sodium chloride.

The libels charged that the article was misbranded in that the following statements appearing in the labeling, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the article, were false and fraudulent: (Carton) " \* \* \* Keeps You Healthy \* \* \* ", (circular) "Nature's Way To Health—Course of Treatment—Obtain quick relief by thoroughly flushing the system. Gradually reduce the dosage until about the tenth day, after which normal strength of the natural mineral water is usually sufficient to maintain a normal, healthy condition of the system. Detailed treatment follows: \* \* \* Specific Treatment For Common Ills, \* \* \* and auto-Intoxication—Take one level teaspoonful of Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals in a large glass of warm water thirty minutes before breakfast. Repeat daily until elimination is regulated \* \* \* High Blood Pressure, Nervous Ailments, or Excess Acidity—Dissolve eight level teaspoonfuls of Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals in a gallon of water and drink eight to twelve glasses daily, between meals. Do not drink with, or immediately after meals. Rheumatism (including Neuritis, Arthritis, and other forms)—Take one level teaspoonful of Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals in a large glass of warm water thirty minutes before each meal and again at retiring. Three or four free evacuations daily should result. Observe a proper diet, with very little meat, and drink water freely. Diabetes, Stomach, Bladder and Kidney Ailments—Dissolve eight level teaspoonfuls of Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals in a gallon of water and drink from eight to twelve glasses daily, according to the effect on the bowels and kidneys. Observe proper diet. The Morning After—Avoid that quivering stomach, headache and heavy heart the morning after indiscretions. Take two level teaspoonfuls of Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals in a large glass of hot water immediately upon arising. Notice the difference: Over-weight—Regain and keep that youthful figure. Minwater Mineral Wells Crystals Are recommended for removing excess weight and maintaining a youthful figure. Use regularly in the form of drinking water at the rate of one ounce to one gallon, drinking eight to twelve glasses daily."

On August 12, and November 13, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**21594. Misbranding of 7A's Iron Tonic. U. S. v. 24 Bottles of Seven A's AAAAAAA Iron Tonic. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 30784. Sample no. 36819-A.)**

Examination of the drug product involved in this case disclosed that it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling.

On August 2, 1933, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 24 bottles of the said 7A's Iron Tonic at Blytheville, Ark., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about March 21, 1933, from Memphis, Tenn., by the Clyde Collins Chemical Co., Inc., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that it consisted essentially of Epsom salt, iron chloride, a small proportion of salicylic acid, extracts of plant drugs, and water.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements appearing on the bottle and carton labels, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the article, were false and fraudulent: (Bottle) "Iron Tonic The Miracle Medicine Indigestion \* \* \* Stomach, Kidney and Functional Disorders of the Liver the true cause of blood troubles and many other diseases of the body.", (carton) "Iron Tonic the Miracle Medicine First aid to health \* \* \* Highly indicated in the treatment of chronic Constipation and indigestion, the true cause of many diseases such as Stomach, Kidney, Liver and blood troubles and many other functional disorders of the body \* \* \* Indigestion \* \* \* Stomach, Kidney, Liver."

On November 27, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment was entered sustaining the allegations of the libel and ordering that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**21595. Misbranding of Beatsol Drawing Salve. U. S. v. 97 Tins of Beatsol Drawing Salve. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 30808. Sample no. 42972-A.)**

Examination of the drug preparation, Beatsol Drawing Salve, disclosed that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling.

On August 1, 1933, the United States attorney for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 97 tins of Beatsol Drawing Salve in part at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and in part at Scranton, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 22, 1933, by the G. & W. Laboratories, Inc., from Jersey City, N. J., to Wilkes-Barre, Pa., that a part had been reshipped to Scranton, Pa., and that the article was misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that it consisted essentially of sulphonated bitumen incorporated in petrolatum.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the article, appearing in the labeling, were false and fraudulent: (Tin container) "Drawing salve to draw boils, carbuncles, ulcers, felons, etc.", (carton) "Drawing Salve to draw boils, carbuncles, ulcer, felons, etc. \* \* \* affected \* \* \* drawing salve draws, drawing salve stops pain, drawing salve heals", (circular) "In emergencies when you are in pain and are suffering results are wanted you will get quick sure results when you use Beatsol Remedies \* \* \* Beatsol Drawing Salve will draw boils, carbuncles, ulcers, festers, felons, etc."

On November 27, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*