eggs at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 31, 1933, by Peter Fox Sons Co., from Dallas Tex., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On December 27, 1933, the Peter Fox Sons Co., Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant for segregation and destruction of the decomposed portion, under the supervision of this Department, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it should not be disposed of in violation of the Federal Food and Drugs Act.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21936. Adulteration of walnut meats. U. S. v. 10 Cartons of Walnut Meats. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. & D. no. 31756. Sample no. 45388-A.)

This case involved a shipment of walnut meats that were found to be wormy

and moldy.

On December 19, 1933, the United States attorney for the District of Idaho, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 cartons of walnut meats at Weiser, Idaho, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about December 5, 1933, by L. Demartini Supply Co., from San Francisco, Calif., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted wholly or in part of filthy and decomposed vegetable substances.

On or about January 29, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the product, judgment of forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21937. Misbranding of Cream-O-Cotton. U. S. v. 30 Cases of Cream-O-Cotton. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. no. 31760. Sample no. 52351-A.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of a cottonseed oil product used for shortening. Sample packages taken from the shipment were found to con-

tain less than 1 pound, the labeled weight.

On December 22, 1933, the United States attorney for the Western District of Oklahoma, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 30 cases of Cream-O-Cotton at Oklahoma City, Okla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 1, 1933, by the Texas Refining Co., from Greenville, Tex., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended. The article was labeled in part: "Cream-O-Cotton, Net Wt. One Lb. Manufactured and Guaranteed by Texas Refining Co., Greenville, Texas."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the statement, "Net Weight 1 Lb.", was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, and for the further reason that it was food in package form and the quantity of the contents was not plainly and conspicuously marked on

the outside of the package, since the statement made was incorrect.

On December 30, 1933, the Texas Refining Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$100, conditioned that it should not be sold contrary to the provisions of the Federal Food and Drugs Act and all other laws.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

U.S. v. 1 Barrel of Rabbits. n, forfeiture, and destruction. 21938. Adulteration of dressed rabbits. Default decree of condemnation, (F. & D. no. 31763. Sample no. 63919-A.)

This case involved a shipment of dressed rabbits that were partly decomposed. On December 22, 1933, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the dis-