It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted

wholly or in part of a filthy and decomposed animal substance.

On March 21, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be disposed of by the United States marshal in such manner as would not violate the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22129. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 20 Tubs of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. (F. & D. no. 31834. Sample no. 54480-A.)

This case involved a lot of butter which was found to contain mold, frag-

ments of beetles and flies, rodent and cat hairs, and other filth.

On January 11, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a district court, a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 tubs of butter at Washington, D.C., alleging that the article was in possession of the Terminal Refrigerating & Warehousing Corporation (stored for Chestnut Farms Dairy, Washington, D.C.), and was being offered for sale in the District of Columbia, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted wholly or in part of a filthy and decomposed animal substance.

On March 22, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be disposed of by the United States marshal in such manner as would not violate the provisions of the Federal Food and Drugs Act.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22130. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 84 Boxes, et al., of Candy. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 31845. Sample nos. 57992-A, 57994-A.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of candy which was found to

contain alcohol.

On January 17, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 94 boxes of candy at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about December 23, 1933, by F. Herbert, from Bronx, N.Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was labeled, variously: "Mademoiselle Modiste Confiseur Rue St. Honore"; "Mile Modiste Confiseur Rue St. Honore Paris"; "Palais Royal

Confiserie Moderne Rue Rivoli Paris."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in violation of the provision of the act relating to confectionery in that it contained spirituous liquor.

On March 5, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of forfeiture was entered and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22131. Adulteration of evaporated apple chops. U. S. v. 44 Bags of Evaporated Apple Chops. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 31865. Sample no. 50557-A.)

This case involved a shipment of evaporated apple chops which were insect-

infested, decomposed, and dirty.

On January 19, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Kentucky, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court, a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 44 bags of evaporated apple chops at Louisville, Ky., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 3, 1934, by D. H. Wright & Co., from Medina, N.Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted

wholly or in part of filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 12, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.