merce, on or about February 3, 1934, by the Roslyn Creamery Co., of Roslyn, S.Dak., in pool car shipment from Moose Lake, Minn., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as

provided by the act of March 4, 1923.

On February 16, 1934, the Roslyn Creamery Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$200, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of butterfat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22165. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 8 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 32359. Sample no. 66087-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was low in milk fat.

On February 19, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight tubs of butter at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about February 6, 1934, by the Roberts Dairy Co., from Omaha, Nebr., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as

provided by the act of March 4, 1923.

On February 28, 1934, the Roberts Dairy Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$200, or the deposit of collateral in like amount, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of butterfat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22166. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 34 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. no. 32360. Sample no. 66080-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was low in milk fat.

On February 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 34 tubs of butter at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about January 30, 1934, by the Almena Creamery, Almena, Wis., in a pool car shipment from Turtle Lake, Wis., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat, as

provided by the act of March 4, 1923.

On February 16, 1934, the Almena Creamery Co., Almena, Wis., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$600, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 22167. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 27 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & A. no. 32361. Sample no. 66057-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was low in milk fat.

On February 2, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in