article had been shipped in interstate commerce between the dates of July 12 and August 29, 1934, by P. K. Hunt & Sons, from Hampton, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy animal substance.

Between the dates of August 3 and September 20, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23076. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 99 Crates of Blueberries. fault decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33209. Sample no. 5611-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

maggots.

On July 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 99 crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 23, 1934, by Michael M. Minor, from Kelayres, Pa., charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it con-

sisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance. On August 27, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23077. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 20 Crates of Blueberries. fault decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33210. Sample no. 5423-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

On July 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of 🛰 🛊 York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the dis court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 23, 1934, by Kostick Bros., from Hazleton, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 27, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33211. Sample no. 5612-B.) 23078. Adulteration of blueberries.

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

maggots.

On July 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 23, 1934, by T. J. Monaghan, from Audenried, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable

On August 29, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23079. Adulteration of blueberries. U.S. v. 66 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33212. Sample no. 5613-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

On August 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district