

23316. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 90 Cartons of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33579. Sample no. 14894-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter, samples of which were found to contain filth.

On September 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 90 cartons of butter at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 4, 1934, by the Merchants Creamery Co., Inc., from Cincinnati, Ohio, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Tissue wrapper) "Great Lakes Brand Creamery Butter Great Lakes Creameries."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, and decomposed animal substance.

On November 3, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23317. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33580. Sample no. 4878-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter, samples of which were found to contain maggots, parts of insects, animal hairs, and nondescript debris.

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 barrel of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 15, 1934, by the City Produce Co., from Bristol, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "From City Pro. Co. Bristol, Va."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On November 3, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23318. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 5 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33581. Sample no. 18186-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of lead and arsenic.

On September 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 5 bushels of apples at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce, on or about September 10, 1934, by C. H. Curry, from Bentonville, Ark., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On November 24, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment was entered finding the product adulterated and ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23319. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 47½ Cases of Canned Shrimp. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33597. Sample no. 16735-B.)

This case involved a shipment of canned shrimp that was found to be in part decomposed.

On October 1, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 47½ cases of canned shrimp at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 4, 1934, by Henry J. Pitre, from New Orleans, La., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Bayou Rose Brand Shrimp * * * Packed by Henry J. Pitre, Cut Off, La."