23388. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 55 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34258. Sample no. 18350-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead.

On October 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 55 bushels of apples at Moscow Mills, Mo., alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce, on or about October 9, 1934, by W. A. Depping, of Moscow Mills, Mo., from Batchtown, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 3, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23389. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 41 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34261. Sample no. 24625-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of lead in an amount that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On October 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 41 bushels of apples at Dayton, Ohio, consigned October 8, 1934, alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce, by William Gatchell, from Eau Claire, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained a poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 27, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23390. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 34 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34262. Sample no. 24651-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of lead. On October 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 34 bushels of apples at Cincinnati, Ohio, consigned October 11, 1934, alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce, by Louis Graff, of Cincinnati, Ohio, from Bravo, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On October 17, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23391. Adulteration of crab apples. U. S. v. 40 Bushels of Crab Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 34263. Sample no. 24672-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of lead. On October 17, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 40 bushels of crab apples at Cincinnati, Ohio, consigned October 15, 1934, alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce, by Behymer Bros., of Cinncinnati, Ohio, from Saugatuck, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "From Saugatuck Fruit Exchange Saugatuck, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.