from Opolis, Kans., and Russell Patterson, from Garland, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 7, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Borden's Produce Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23555. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34827. Sample no. 27429-B.)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 25 and 26, 1934, by W. A. Boman, from Woodson, Tex., and Nannie Beaugh, from Kenefick, Okla., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 7, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the American Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23556. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34828. Sample no. 27313-B.)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three 5-gallon cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 24 and 26, 1934, in various lots by I. A. Harris, Gatesville, Tex.; H. C. Laxson, Gatesville, Tex.; and John Stermolle, Bethel, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 5, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23557. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34829. Sample no. 27264-B.)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon can of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 27, 1934, by Frank Benefield, from Caney, Okla., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 5, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Meriden Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23558. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Thirty-three 5-Gallon Cans, et il., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34830. Sample no. 22769-B.)

On November 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 50 cans of cream at