

23568. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Seven 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34609. Sample no. 22740-B.)

On November 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of seven 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 6 and 7, 1934, in various shipments by J. M. Lake, McPherson, Iowa.; Hicks Service Station, Forest City, Mo.; James Sherard, Fairport, Mo.; G. E. Sequist, Havensville, Kans.; and C. H. Knapp, San Antonio, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, rancid, and decomposed.

On November 10, 1934, Borden's Produce Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23569. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and One 8-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34610. Sample no. 22788-B.)

On November 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon and one 8-gallon can of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 8, 1934, in part by Thurman Waters, from Pyatt, Ark., and in part by Howard McKay, from Dresden, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 13, 1934, the Middle States Creameries, Inc., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23570. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Seven 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34614. Sample no. 3575-B.)

On November 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of seven 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 8 and 9, 1934, in various shipments by Bill Labbing, Hopkins, Mo.; McCall Merc. Co., Isadora, Mo.; B. W. Pryor, St. Joseph, Mo.; J. E. Wishmeyer, Corydon, Iowa; Emil Coenen, Panama, Iowa; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 13, 1934, Jerpe Commission Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23571. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34615. Sample no. 23402-B.)

On November 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 8, 1934, by H. I. Mossman, from Colby, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.