23619. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34935. Sample no. 23415-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 23, 1934, in various shipments by T. J. Johnson, Royce City, Tex.; J. A. Doom, Castle, Okla.; and J. M. Barnes, George West, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Spring Valley Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23620. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Five 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34936. Sample no. 27330-B.)

On November 26, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five cans of cream at St. Joseph, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 17, 1934, by M. McMahon, from Beattie, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 26, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., St. Joseph, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23621. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34937. Sample no. 27331-B.)

On November 26, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at St. Joseph, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 19, 1934, by Joseph A. Fuksa, Bison, Okla., and Winterschiedt Produce Co., Seneca, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 26, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Westlawn Creamery Co., St. Joseph, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23622. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34979. Sample no. 11474-B.)

On December 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one can of cream at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 12, 1934, by E. D. Mansker, from Rockwood, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 15, 1934, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having consented to the destruction of the product, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.