23733. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33699. Sample no. 13984-B.)

On or about October 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 2 cans (15 gallons) of cream at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about October 3, 1934, in part by T. K. Harris, Round Hill, Va.; and in part by Chesapeake Creameries, Inc., Station 14, Culpeper, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On October 15, 1934, the claimant having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23734. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Ten 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34692. Sample no. 68-R.)

On November 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 21 cans (158 gallons) of cream at Trinidad, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 10 and 11, 1934, in various shipments by D. C. Hartman, Hatch, N. Mex.; J. F. Payne, Itasca, Tex.; L. M. Baxter, Lamesa, Tex.; P. S. Hemphill, Hamlin, Tex.; C. E. Tacker, Tuxedo, Tex.; Arthur Waldrop, Sentinel, Okla.; T. A. Brumsey, Cimarron, Kans.; J. Frank Whitaker, Sunset, Tex.; S. A. Gibson, Sagerton, Tex.; Marie Sellars, Crowell, Tex.; Mrs. W. E. Woodfin, Beaver, Okla.; C. R. Rankins, Alvord, Tex.; O. C. Laney, Seymour, Tex.; John W. Musich, Tolar, Tex.; J. E. Frye, Alvord, Tex.; J. L. Crockerham, Itasca, Tex.; G. Jackson, Bowie, Tex.; D. T. Campbell, Tolar, Tex.; Virgil C. Johnson, Henrietta, Tex.; L. D. Combs, Hayden, N. Mex.; O. W. Gresser, Obar, N. Mex.: and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy,

decomposed, and rancid.

On November 14, 1934, the Trinidad Creamery Co., Trinidad, Colo., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23735. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Ten 10-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. nos. 34693, 34753. Sample nos. 59-B, 71-B.)

On November 9, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 21 cans (165 gallons) of cream at Denver, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 5 and 6, 1934, in various shipments by Milton Peveler, Groundbury, Tex.; Bob Ratchen, Plainview, Tex.; J. W. Davis, Sunset, Tex.; C. W. Sniker, Beatrice, Nebr.; Roscoe C. Brown, Kalvester, Kans.; Clarence Younger, Hoyle, Kans.; Alex Van Stade, Wauneta, Nebr.; Frank Gue Cream Co., Crawford, Nebr.; Metz. Prod. Co., Mankato, Kans.; Ernest Lee Havel, Cuba, Kans.; Albert Schwindt, Marienthal, Kans.; L. A. Brown, Moorcroft, Wyo.; Theodore Poppitz, Sidney, Nebr.; Mrs. K. M. Reichel, Garland, Wyo.; J. W. Wilson, Novice, Tex.; L. K. Stutlerheim, Prairie View, Kans., J. J. Van Meter, Dellvale, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy,

decomposed, yeasty, and rancid.

On November 9, 1934, the Gold Coin Creamery Co., Denver, Colo., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.