The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 26, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation

was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 24460. Adulteration of tomato catchup. U. S. v. 9 Cases of Tomato Catchup. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 35138. Sample no. 26178–B.)

This case involved tomato catchup that contained fragments of the bodies

of worms and insects, small insects, and hair.

On February 18, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Wyoming, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine cases of tomato catchup at Cheyenne, Wyo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 20, 1934, by Libby, McNeill & Libby, from Manzanola, Colo., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Rose-Dale Brand Tomato Catchup \* \* \* Packed by Libby McNeill and Libby Chicago."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On March 28, 1935, Libby, McNeill & Libby, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 24461. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 579 Boxes of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. no. 35180. of condemnation. Sample no. 357-B.)

Examination of the apples involved in this case showed the presence of arsenic and lead in amounts that might have rendered them injurious to health.

On February 11, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 579 boxes of apples at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 31, 1935, by the J. C. Palumbo Fruit Co., from Payette, Idaho, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered

it injurious to health.

On February 13, 1935, the Continental Orchards, Inc., Los Angeles, Calif., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it should not be sold or disposed of in violation of the Federal Food and Drugs Act and all other laws.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 24462. Adulteration of concentrated strained tomatoes. U. S. v. 208 Cases of Concentrated Strained Tomatoes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 35205. Sample no. 24269–B.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of concentrated strained tomatoes

that contained excessive mold.

On February 28, 1935, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 208 cases of concentrated strained tomatoes at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 13 and October 3, 1934, by W. H. Neal & Sons, Inc., from Hurlock, Md., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Sun-Lite Concentrated Strained Tomatoes."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 28, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.