5-gallon can of cream at Baltimore, Md., consigned in part by Norman Walker, and in part by W. F. Dysart, from Woodstock, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 28, 1935, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On August 1, 1935, the Chesapeake Creameries, Inc., Baltimore, Md., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24910. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans and one 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 36182. Sample no. 28770-B.)

This case involved shipments of cream which was filthy or decomposed or

both filthy and decomposed.

On July 31, 1935, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three 10-gallon cans and one 5-gallon can of cream at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 30, 1935, in various consignments by J. M. Watson, Centerville, Pa.; A. N. Robinson, Williamsport, Pa.; J. S. Roe, Athens, Pa.; and W. G. Crawford, Titusville, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted of a filthy,

decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On July 31, 1935, the Fairmont Creamery Co., Buffalo, N. Y., having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24911. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 3 Barrels, et al., of Crab Meat. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 36186, 36187, 36188, 36193, 36258. Sample nos. 39736-B, 39740-B, 39741-B, 39765-B, 39915-B.)

These cases involved crab meat that contained filth.

On or about July 16, 1935, and on July 19, July 20, July 22, and August 2, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 11 barrels of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., charging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce between the dates of July 12 and July 30, 1935, consigned by W. G. Ruark & Co., of Belhaven, N. C., in part from Belhaven, N. C., and in part from Norfolk, Va., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy animal substance.

On August 14 and August 26, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

24912. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 2 Barrels of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36189. Sample no. 39754-B.)

This case involved a shipment of crab meat which contained filth.

On July 25, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two barrels of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., consigned by J. H. Fleming & Co., Portsmouth, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 24, 1935, from Portsmouth, Va., into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On August 16, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.