district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 33 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 22, 1935, by A. Trakinsky, from Berrien Springs, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled: "Winesap Apples C. A. Stover."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous and deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, in amounts which might

have rendered it injurious to health.

On December 31, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 25492. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 40 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36742. Sample no. 47981-B.)

This case involved apples which were contaminated with arsenic and lead. On October 29, 1935, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 40 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 22, 1935, by Alex Kvetkas, from Benton Harbor, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Baldwin A. Piontek & Son R-1 Benton Harbor, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous and deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, in amounts which might have

rendered it injurious to health.

On December 31, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 25493. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 108 Bushels of Apples. Product released under bond, conditioned that deleterious substances be removed. (F. & D. no. 36744. Sample no. 49061–B.)

This case involved a shipment of apples which were contaminated with lead and arsenic.

On or about October 30, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Iowa, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 108 bushels of apples at Council Bluffs, Iowa, alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce from the P. L. Bristol orchard no. 2, Wathena, Kans., by Ralph C. Gaines, on or about October 28, 1935, and charging adulteration of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered

it harmful to health.

On October 31, 1935, Ralph C. Gaines having appeared as claimant, the apples were ordered released under bond conditioned that they be washed in order to remove the deleterious substances. On November 20, 1935, the bond was exonerated, the conditions having been complied with.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

## 25494. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 9 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36749. Sample no. 54981-B.)

This case involved a shipment of apples which were contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 31, 1935, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 9 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 24, 1935, by J. L. Oppenheim, from Benton Harbor, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part, "From Horace Baker \* \* St. Joseph, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous and deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, in amounts which might have

rendered it injurious to health.