in addition, carried tonic elements directed to helping Nature strengthen the involved tissues.

On February 1, February 14, and June 16, 1936, no claimant having appeared, default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction were entered.

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25840. Misbranding of Adams Vapour Ointment, Adams Menthol Salve, Adams Menthol Jell, and Adams Painon Liniment. U. S. v. 550 Jars of Adams Vapour Ointment, et al. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 36636, 36637, 36638, 36639. Sample nos. 48045-B, 48046-B, 48047-B, 48049-B.)

False and fraudulent curative and therapeutic claims were made for these articles, and false and misleading antiseptic claims also were made for the menthol salve.

On November 22, 1935, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 667 jars of Adams Vapour Ointment, 910 jars of Adams Menthol Salve, 1,136 jars of Adams Menthol Jell, and 3,003 bottles of Adams Painon Liniment at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 7, 1935, by the Adams Paper & Specialties Co., from Waterloo, Iowa, to Chicago, Ill., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The articles were labeled in part: (Jar) "Adams Vapour Ointment [or "Menthol Salve", "Menthol Jell", or "Painon Liniment"] Sold Exclusively by Adams Affiliated Cos. Waterloo."

Analyses showed that the vapour ointment consisted essentially of menthol, camphor, rosin, and petrolatum; that the menthol salve consisted essentially of menthol, rosin, and petrolatum (a bacteriological examination showed that it was not antiseptic); that the Menthol Jell consisted essentially of menthol, camphor, and white petrolatum; and that the Painon Liniment consisted essentially

tially of petroleum oil, pine-needle oil, and sassafras oil.

The several articles were alleged to be misbranded in that the following statements appearing upon the labels of said articles of drugs, respectively, (Adams Vapour Ointment, jars) "* * * by increasing the circulation of the blood throughout affected area you will help to allay the inflammation and reduce the fever. * * * An Auxiliary Treatment for Certain Forms of Inflammation and Congestion such as Asthma Bronchitis Catarrh Chest Colds Sore Throat Croup * * * Boils * * * Pains"; (Adams Menthol Salve, jars) "Healing * * * for Cuts * * *"; (Adams Menthol Jell, jars) "Recommended for Nervous Headaches Muscular Rheumatism Nasal Catarrh * * *"; (Adams Painon Liniment, bottles) "Painon * * * Recommended by us in the treatment of Muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Neuralgic Headache, * * * Sciatica * * * Wind Colic, Muscular Cramp, Bronchial Cough, Spasmodic Croup, and Acute Pleurisy", were false and fraudulent in this that the said articles of drugs were not effective in the treatment of the diseases and conditions referred to therein.

The menthol salve was alleged to be misbranded further in that the following statement on the jar label thereof, "An * * * Antiseptic * * * Ointment". was false and misleading.

ment", was false and misleading.
On February 3, 1936, no claimant having appeared, a default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction was entered.

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25841. Misbranding of Genuine Kompo Combined with Bile Salts Compound Tablets. U. S. v. 353 Bottles of \$1 size, and 1,186 Bottles of 50¢ size, of Genuine Kompo Combined with Bile Salts Compound Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36640. Sample no. 41733-B.)

False and fraudulent therapeutic and curative claims were made for this article and it contained active ingredients other than the one mentioned on its label. On November 19, 1935, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of quantities of Genuine Kompo Combined with Bile Salts Compound Tablets at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 3 and 12, 1935, by the Ironized Yeast Co., Atlanta, Ga., from that place to New Orleans, La., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The dollar and 50-cent bottles both were labeled in part: