

**26493. Misbranding of Mykel Tooth Powder. U. S. v. 24 Packages of Mykel Tooth Powder. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 87394. Sample no. 8653-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of Mykel Tooth Powder the label and package of which bore and contained false and fraudulent statements as to its curative or therapeutic effect.

On March 26, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 24 packages of Mykel Tooth Powder at Lincoln, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 24, 1936, by the Kent Co., Inc., from Kansas City, Mo., and that it was adulterated and misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis showed that the article consisted essentially of sodium perborate and talc flavored with methyl salicylate.

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that statements regarding the curative or therapeutic effect of the article, appearing on the packages and contained in an accompanying circular, falsely and fraudulently represented that the article was effective to keep the gums firm, to build up tooth enamel, to diminish possibility of tooth decay, and to prevent mouth infections, and that it was effective for the treatment of pyorrhea.

On May 8, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON,  
*Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**26494. Misbranding of iodine compound. U. S. v. 570 Packages of Economy First Aid Kit. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 37458. Sample no. 67693-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of an article, described as "Economy First Aid Kit", containing an iodine compound which was misbranded.

On March 26, 1936, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 570 packages of an article, labeled "Economy First Aid Kit", at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 24, 1936, by the Union Products Co., from New York, N. Y., and that it was misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. Each of said kits was contained in a carton and included, among other articles, a drug contained in a bottle labeled "Novo Iodide Compound."

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement, "This Economy Kit contains \* \* \* Stainless Iodine Compound", appearing on the carton, and the designation, "Novo Iodide Compound", appearing on the bottle label, were false and misleading since the said drug was a chloramine and potassium iodate compound and not an iodine compound or an iodide compound.

On May 1, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON,  
*Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**26495. Misbranding of H. G. C. U. S. v. 68 Bottles of H. G. C. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 37462. Sample no. 22535-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of an article, described as "H. G. C.", which device by inference falsely and fraudulently represented the curative or therapeutic effect of the article with respect to gonorrhea and gleet.

On April 1, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 68 bottles of H. G. C. at Jackson, Miss., alleging that said article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 13, 1936, by the Acme Chemical Co., from New Orleans, La., and that it was misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended. The article was labeled: "Trade Mark 'H. G. C.' Reg. H. G. C. 4 Fl. Oz. Manufactured only by Acme Chemical Mfg. Co., Ltd., New Orleans, La." The meaning of the letters "H. G. C." is defined in the trade-mark registration thereof as follows: "Trade-Mark E. A. Hall. A Remedy For Gonor-