district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 84 tubs of butter at Boston, Mass., consigned on or about July 25, 1936, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the Farmers' Marketing Association, from Columbus, Ind., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, which the article purported to be, the act of Congress of March 4, 1923, providing

that butter contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 13, 1936, the Farmers' Marketing Association, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26569. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 11 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38143. Sample no. 9484-C.)

This case involved blueberries that were infested with maggets.

On August 4, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 11 crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 3, 1936, by Frank Smith, from Tobyhanna, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant having appeared, a decree of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26570. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 7½ Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38144. Sample no. 9485—C.)

This case involved blueberries that were infested with maggots.

On August 4, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 7½ crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 3, 1936, by John Shimko, Tobyhanna, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant having appeared, a decree of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26571. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 7 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38145. Sample no. 9487-C.)

This case involved blueberries that were infested with maggots.

On August 5, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of seven crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 4, 1936, by Ollie Tomasello, from Hammonton, N. J., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 19, 1936, no claimant appearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.