shipped in interstate commerce by North American Creameries, Inc., from Carrington, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 28, 1937, North American Creameries, Inc., Boston, Mass., having appeared as claimant and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released upon the deposit of cash collateral, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

HARRY L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27818. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 150 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40240. Sample No. 44043-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On or about August 25, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Florida, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 150 bushels of apples at Jacksonville, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 13, 1937, by Chas. W. Duke from Winchester, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On August 26, 1937, no claim having been entered for the product, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27819. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 201 Pounds of Crab Meat (and 2 other seizure actions). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 40244, 40257, 40333. Sample Nos. 58810-C, 67488-C, 67489-C.)

Samples of this product were found to contain filth.

On August 27 and September 9, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 431 pounds of crab meat at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce in part on or about August 24, and in part on or about September 6, 1937, by the George O. Powley Co. from Wingate, Md., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted of a filthy animal substance

On September 30, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27820. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 19 Cubes of Butter. Decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 40255. Sample No. 89366-C.)

This product contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 3, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 19 cubes of butter at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 27, 1937, by the Albany Creamery Association from Albany, Oreg., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 13, 1937, Bennett & Layton, Inc., San Francisco, Calif., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked to the legal standard.