court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 21 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 4, 1937, by Charles Ott from Baroda, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it

harmful to health.

On October 21, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27977. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 13 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40656. Sample No. 50215-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 14, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 7, 1937, by James Smith from Sodus, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it

harmful to health.

On October 22, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27978. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 29 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40660. Sample No. 59482-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 5, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 29 bushels of apples at Cicero, Ill., alleging that the apples had been shipped on or about September 30, 1937, by John Varchulik, of Chicago, Ill., from Benton Harbor, Mich., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "L. C. Harris R 1 Benton Harbor, Mich."

The apples were alleged to be adulterated in that they contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered them harmful to health.

On December 13, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

27979. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 15 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40659. Sample No. 59445—C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On or about October 15, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 15 bushels of apples at Spring Valley, Ill., alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce on or about September 26, 1937, by George Kaleel, of Spring Valley, Ill., from Sodus, Mich., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it

harmful to health.

On December 13, 1937, no claimant having appeared, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.