

district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 250 bushels of apples at Louisville, Ky., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 15, 1937, by Denny McCoy from B. L. Billings' Orchard, Greenwood, Ind., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On December 17, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28291. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 30 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41799. Sample No. 59782-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On November 5, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Iowa, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 30 bushels of apples at Des Moines, Iowa, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 27, 1937, from Benton Harbor, Mich., by Joe Corso to himself at Des Moines, Iowa, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drug Act. The article was labeled in part: "Milton Essig Sodus Michigan."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 13, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28292. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 15 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41021. Sample No. 59627-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 8, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 15 bushels of apples at Kenosha, Wis., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 4, 1937, by the Goldie Fruit & Produce Co. (David Goldstein) from Benton Harbor, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled: "Charles Edwards Sodus, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 24, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28293. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 150 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of destruction. (F. & D. No. 41516. Sample No. 56364-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On or about September 13, 1937, the United States attorney for the Western District of Oklahoma, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 150 bushels of apples at Oklahoma City, Okla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 9, 1937, from Rogers, Ark., by George McNeff, of Oklahoma City, Okla., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On September 27, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*