

It was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement on the wrapper, "Fresh Fillets," was false and misleading and tended to deceive and mislead the purchaser when applied to frozen fish.

On May 2, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30480. Adulteration of black walnut meats. U. S. v. One Barrel of Black Walnut Meats. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45159. Sample No. 51239-D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original package at the time of examination, was found to be in part dirty and moldy.

On April 6, 1939, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of black walnut meats at Philadelphia, Pa.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about March 20, 1939, by Myers Walnut Co. from Carlisle, Ky.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On May 2, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30481. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 223 Bags and 172 Bags of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 44017, 44018. Sample Nos. 49758-D, 49759-D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages at the time of examination, was found to be insect-infested and to contain rodent hairs.

On October 28, 1938, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 395 bags of corn meal at Greenwood, Miss.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about September 3, 1938, by Hopkinsville Milling Co., Inc., from Hopkinsville, Ky.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Crescent Mills Hopkinsville, Ky. Sunflower Meal."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On January 26, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30482. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 225 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 44087. Sample No. 49777-D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages at the time of examination, was found to be insect-infested.

On October 28, 1938, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 225 bags of flour at Clarksdale, Miss.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about September 21 and October 6, 1937, by Buhler Mill & Elevator Co. from Buhler, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Big Moon High Patent Flour * * * Reliance Milling Co. Ava, Ill."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On January 26, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30483. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 112 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 44069. Sample No. 49778-D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages at the time of examination, was found to be insect-infested.