

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On May 18, 1939, C. J. Heyd & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., having appeared as claimant and the cases having been consolidated, judgment of condemnation was entered, and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be brought up to the legal standard under the supervision of this Department.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30509. Adulteration of salted fish roe. U. S. v. One Tub of Salted Fish Roe. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45126. Sample No. 60217-D.)**

This product contained parasitic worms.

On April 4, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one tub of salted fish roe at New York, N. Y.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 11, 1939, by Clarence Schipper from Two Rivers, Wis.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On May 3, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30510. Adulteration of pecan meats. U. S. v. Two Cases of Pecan Meats. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45194. Sample Nos. 44759-D, 60505-D.)**

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be in part wormy and decomposed.

On April 14, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cases of pecan meats at New York, N. Y.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about March 23, 1939, by Howard Dasher from Valdosta, Ga.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On May 3, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30511. Adulteration of lobster tails. U. S. v. Four Boxes and One Box of Lobster Tails. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 44748, 44749. Sample Nos. 33482-D, 33483-D.)**

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be in whole or in part decomposed.

On January 27, 1939, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Michigan, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five boxes of lobster tails at Detroit, Mich.; alleging that the product had been shipped on or about November 9, 1938, by M. Feigenbaum & Sons from Pittsburgh, Pa.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Captail Brand Langouste Tails [or "Cape Rock Lobster"] \* \* \* Produce of Union of South Africa."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On March 10, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**30512. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 12 Tubs and 16 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. Nos. 45097, 45101. Sample Nos. 54147-D, 54149-D.)**

This product contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On March 10 and 13, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in