Iameness in horses; effective to relieve cake bag, warts, foxtail, wire cuts, and lameness in cows; effective as a treatment for cake bag, foxtail, and warts in cows; effective to relieve lameness, mange, minor cuts, and wounds in dogs; effective as a treatment for lameness, mange, wire cuts, and warts in dogs; and effective to relieve without firing, blemish, or pain; and (in the case of the other shipment) that it was effective as an absorbent and healer; effective to absorb all inflammation, foreign or poisonous matter; effective to remove burns, rheumatic pains, boils, warts, swellings, and skin infections such as eczema and ringworm; effective as a treatment for burns and cuts; effective to remove fistula, wire cuts, harness sores and wounds, lameness, cracked heels, thrush, bow tendons, poll evil, bone spavins, splints, big knees, shoe boils, ringbone, sidebones, spavins, and saddle and harness sores on horses; effective as a treatment for severe cases of lameness, long-standing enlargements (hard or soft), swelling, and severe tendon and ligament cases in horses; effective to remove cake bag, foxtail, wire cuts, cowpox, ringworm, lameness, and sore feet on cows; effective as a treatment for inflammation of the udder, cake bag, and foxtail in cows; effective to remove lameness, dropped muscles, mange, canker, and cuts and wounds of all kinds on dogs; effective as a treat-- ment for lameness, mange, and other skin infections in dogs, and as a treatment for foot ailments in animals; effective as a treatment for open wounds, inflammation of the skin, flesh, bone or tendon, and wire cuts in animals; and effective to relieve, without firing, blemish or pain.

On June 6, 1939, the defendants entered pleas of nolo contendere and the

court sentenced them to 2 years' probation.

GROVER B. HILL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30995. Adulteration and misbranding of codeine sulfate tablets. U. S. v. The Wm. S. Merrell Co. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$200. (F. & D. No. 42792. Sample Nos. 37259-D, 37260-D, 47494-D, 63941-D, 63942-D.)

This case involved shipments of a product purported to be codeine sulfate

tablets but which was in fact morphine sulfate tablets.

On March 4, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed an information against the Wm. S. Merrell Co., a corporation trading at Cincinnati, Ohio, alleging shipment by said company in violation of the Food and Drugs Act within the period from on or about January 13 to on or about February 16, 1939, from the State of Ohio into the States of Missouri, Kansas, and Virginia, respectively, of quantities of alleged codeine sulfate tablets which were adulterated and misbranded. The article was labeled in part: "Codeine Sulphate (Opium derivative) ½ Grain."

Adulteration was alleged in that the article was sold under a name recognized in the National Formulary but its strength, quality, and purity differed from the standard of strength, quality, and purity of tablets of codeine sulfate as determined by the tests laid down in the said formulary in that it contained

no codeine sulfate but did contain morphine sulfate.

It was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement "H. T. * * * Codeine Sulphate," borne on the bottle label, was false and misleading since the said article did not consist of codeine sulfate but did consist of morphine sulfate tablets. It was alleged to be misbranded further in that it was offered for sale and sold under the name of another article, namely, "H. T. * * * Codeine Sulphate," and in that it contained morphine and the label on the package failed to bear a statement of the quantity or proportion of morphine contained therein.

On March 8, 1940, a plea of nolo contendere was entered on behalf of the defendant, and the court imposed a fine of \$200 on each of the six counts of

the information but suspended payment on all counts but the first.

GROVER B. HILL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30996. Adulteration and misbranding of Causalin. U. S. v. Amfre Drug Co., Inc., and Lewis Stern. Pleas of guilty. Fines, \$420. (F. & D. No. 42678. Sample Nos. 25962–D, 25963–D, 25964–D, 30071–D to 30074–D. incl., 30092–D to 30097–D, incl., 35452–D, 35453–D, 35567–D, 35569–D, 35570–D, 41997–D.)

This product was represented to contain aminopyrine and quinolinesulfonate, whereas it contained in addition to such drugs a material proportion of salicylic ethyl ester carbonate.

On January 30, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the